# The Danish National Travel Survey - catalogue of variables 

Data version: TU0622v2

Hjalmar Christiansen
18.04.24

The Danish National Travel Survey - catalogue of variables

Documentation note

Data version TU0622v2 (TU 2006-22, version 2)
18.04.24

By Hjalmar Christiansen

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## 1. Documentation of the TU data

This is the documentation for the data in the TU0622v2 data version, covering the period May 2006 thru June 2023.

The documentation relates to this specific dataset, please refer to our website www.tudata.dk for the most up-to-date documentation of the data.

Please contact turequests@transport.dtu.dk with any comments or questions.

## 2. Interview session

## An interview about a given date with a given respondent.

The Danish National Travel Survey is based on interview with one person about transport and activities during one day. The session table contains background information about the person and day, combined with aggregated information at day level and the weighting of the data set.

## Sessionld

Primary key for interview
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
Unique identification for the individual interview.

## InterviewType

Interview type
Table: session
Variable type: enum interviewtype
Origin: Technical
Value set:

| id | interviewtype | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | Internet | Interview completed by the <br> respondent him-/herself via the <br> Internet. |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Reconstructed interview | Original interview contains serious <br> errors that have been solved by <br> complete reconstruction. |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Telephone | Telephone interview |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Special | Data from special surveys carry this <br> type, but are not included in official <br> data set. |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | Combination interview |  |

## DiaryDate

Date of the trip diary
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
Value set: Date as number of days since 1.1.1970
For analyses it is normally most practical to use the derived variables DiaryYear, DiaryMonth, DiaryWeekday.

## DiaryYear

Year of the trip diary
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Year 2006, 2007, ... 2023

PseudoYear
Staggered year
Table: session
Variable type: Character
Origin: Derived
Value set: Year 2006/7, ... 2023/24
Year of the trip diary, staggered to make it possible to take full advantage of the first data from 2006. As TU was restarted in May 2006, the division is per 1 May.

## DiaryMonth

Month of the trip diary
Table: session
Variable type: enum maaned
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | maaned |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | January |
| 2 | February |
| 3 | March |
| 4 | April |
| 5 | May |
| 6 | June |
| 7 | July |
| 8 | August |
| 9 | September |
| 10 | October |
| 11 | November |
| 12 | December |

## DiaryWeekday

Weekday of the trip diary
Table: session
Variable type: enum ugedag
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | ugedag |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Monday |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Tuesday |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Wednesday |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Thursday |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Friday |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Saturday |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Sunday |

Weekday of the trip diary in which weekday is the calendar weekday irrespective of public holidays.

## DiaryDaytype

Day type for the trip diary
Table: session
Variable type: enum dagtype
Origin: Derived
Value set:
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{lll}\text { Value set: } & \text { dagtype } & \text { Description } \\
\text { id } & \text { Normal weekday "Mon-Thur" } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Weekdays where next day is also a } \\
\text { weekday }\end{array} \\
\mathbf{1 1 2} & \text { Friday and weekday before public holiday } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Weekday which apart from normal } \\
\text { commuter traffic is also characterised } \\
\text { by outbound traffic for weekend or } \\
\text { public holiday. }\end{array}
$$ <br>
Mon- Wed of Easter week, Friday <br>
after Ascension Day, 1 May, <br>

weekdays between Christmas and\end{array}\right\}\)| New Year. In 2020/21 working days |
| :--- |
| during the Corona lockdown. |

The traffic date of the interview converted into day type. .
Public holidays are defined as: 1 January, Maundy Thursday, Good Friday, Easter Monday, General Prayer Day (Danish public holiday falling on the fourth Friday after Easter), Ascension Day, Whit Monday, 5 June, 24, 25 and 26 December.

Weekdays with complete lockdown during the COVID-19 situation in 2020/21 are assigned as "Special weekdays".

## HomeAdrNUTS

Home, NUTS
Table: session
Variable type: Character nuts2021
Origin: Derived
Value set: NUTS 2021

| id | nuts2021 |
| :--- | :--- |
| DK011 | Copenhagen city |
| DK012 | Greater Copenhagen |
| DK013 | Northern Zealand |
| DK014 | Bornholm |
| DK021 | Eastern Zealand |
| DK022 | Western Zealand |
| DK031 | Funen |
| DK032 | Southern Jutland |
| DK041 | Western Jutland |
| DK042 | Eastern Jutland |
| DK050 | Northern Jutland |

As all respondents live in Denmark HomeAdrNUTS in reality is a division of the respondents by region and sub-region.

## HomeAdrMunCode

Home, municipality
Table: session
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Technical
Value set: Municipality code, following the local government reform

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| 147 | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| 461 | Odense |
| 561 | Esbjerg |
| 615 | Horsens |
| 621 | Kolding |
| 630 | Vejle |
| 730 | Randers |
| 751 | Árhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown. See external link for complete list of values:
http://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/Nomenklaturer/NUTS.aspx

## HomeAdrCityCode

Home, town code
Table: session
Variable type: enum CityCode
Origin: Derived
Value set: Town code according to same definition as KMS/DST

| id | CityCode |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1 0 0}$ | The metropolitan area |
| 10040 | Roskilde |
| 10064 | Kolding |
| 10370 | Vejle |
| 10677 | Odense |
| 10691 | Randers |
| 10938 | Aalborg |
| 11007 | Herning |
| 11045 | Århus |
| 11196 | Esbjerg |
| Only a small sample of values is shown. |  |

## HomeAdrCitySize

Home, town size
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of inhabitants
Town size (DiaryYear) according to Statistics Denmark, StatBank Denmark.

## HomeAdrGMMzone

Home, zone in the GMM model
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Zone number in the Danish national transport model (GMM)
Please contact the Danish Road Directorate with any enquiries relating to the GMM zonal system.

## HomeAdrFareZone

Home, public transport fare zone
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Public Transport fare zone

## HomeAdrNearestStation

Home, nearest station

Table: session
Variable type: Character
Origin: Derived
Value set: Station name
Nearest station, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## HomeAdrDistNearestStation

Home, distance to nearest station
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Distance to nearest station as the crow flies, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## HomeParkPoss

Parking conditions at home
Table: session
Variable type: enum HomeParkPoss
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | HomeParkPoss |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Carport/garage on private lot |
| 5 | Front yard/driveway on private lot |
| 6 | Parking space on/next to the property: Reserved with licence plate sign |
| 111 | Parking space on/next to the property: Always space, free parking (for residents) |
| 112 | Parking space on/next to the property: Normally space, free parking (for residents) |
| 113 | Parking space on/next to the property: Rarely/never space, but free (for residents) |
| 122 | Parking space on/next to the property: Normally space, time-limited |
| 123 | Parking space on/next to the property: Rarely/never space, time-limited |
| 131 | Parking space on/next to the property: Always space, payment required |
| 132 | Parking space on/next to the property: Normally space, payment required |
| 133 | Parking space on/next to the property: Rarely/never space, payment required |
| 211 | Only on street/road: Always space, free parking |
| 212 | Only on street/road: Normally space, free parking |
| 213 | Only on street/road: Rarely/never space, but free |
| 222 | Only on street/road: Normally space, time-limited |
| 223 | Only on street/road: Rarely/never space, time-limited |
| 231 | Only on street/road: Always space, payment or parking licence required |
| 232 | Only on street/road: Normally space, payment or parking licence required |
| 233 | Only on street/road: Rarely/never space, payment or parking licence required |

## RespSex

Gender
Table: session
Variable type: enum knip
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

## id knip

1 Man/boy
2 Woman/girl

## RespYearBorn

Year of birth
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: 4-digit year [1912-2017]
RespAgeSimple
The age of the respondent using year of birth
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Age, [6-120] years
The age of the respondent calculated irrespective of date of birth, only using year. It can be said that the respondent reaches/reached RespAgeSimple years in DiaryYear.

## RespAgeCorrect

The age of the respondent using date of birth
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Age, [5-120] years
The age of the respondent on the traffic date, calculated using the precise date of birth. NOTE: Not for all older data, as date of birth is not available in all cases.

## RespPrimOcc

## Primary Occupation

Table: session
Variable type: enum PrimOcc
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | PrimOcc |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 | (unknown) student |
| 23 | (unknown) leave |
| 30 | (unknown) outside labour market |
| 103 | Kindergarten, pre-school |
| 107 | Pupil (primary school etc.) |
| 116 | Pupil (high school etc.) |
| 120 | Student at university or other further education |
| 130 | Apprentice, trainee |
| 210 | Employee |
| 211 | National serviceman |
| 221 | Self-employed |
| 222 | Assisting spouse (to self-employed person) |
| 231 | Leave w/salary (maternity leave and other leave) |
| 232 | Leave on state benefits (maternity leave and other leave) |
| 233 | Leave w/o pay (maternity leave and other leave) |
| 310 | Unemployed, unemployment benefit |
| 320 | Social assistance, rehabilitation, long-term ill |
| 350 | Non-age pensioner (e.g disabled) |
| 360 | Receiver of pre-retirement pay (Early retirement pension) |
| 370 | Old Age pensioner |
| 390 | Full-time housewife', otherwise out of work |

## RespEduLevel

## Educational attainment

Table: session
Variable type: enum uddan
Origin: Questionnaire

## Value set:

| id | uddan |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | (under 14 years of age) |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1st-7th form |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 8th form |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 9th form |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 10th form |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Studentereksamen (upper secondary certificate), HF (higher preparatory certificate) |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | HHX (higher commercial certificate), HTX (higher technical certificate), <br> $\mathbf{9}$ |
| $\mathbf{E r h v e r v s g y m n a s i u m ~ ( B u s i n e s s ~ c o l l e g e ) ~}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Other schooling |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | Vocational (certificate of apprenticeship, etc.) |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | Short-term further education (11/2-2 years) |

Highest completed education

## PrimOccNUTS

Place of occupation, municipality
Table: session

| Variable type: Character nuts2021 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Origin: |  |
| Derived |  |
| Value set: NUTS <br> id nuts2021 |  |
| DE300 | Berlin |
| DE600 | Hamburg |
| DEF | Schleswig-Holstein |
| DEF01 | Flensburg, Kreisfreie Stadt |
| DEF0C | Schleswig-Flensburg (Flensburg surroundings) |
| DK011 | Copenhagen city |
| DK012 | Greater Copenhagen |
| DK013 | Northern Zealand |
| DK014 | Bornholm |
| DK021 | Eastern Zealand |
| DK022 | Western Zealand |
| DK031 | Funen |
| DK032 | Southern Jutland |
| DK041 | Western Jutland |
| DK042 | Eastern Jutland |
| DK050 | Northern Jutland |
| NO011 | Oslo |
| SE110 | Stockholm County |
| SE224 | Skåne County |

(Selected values shown)

## PrimOccMuncode

Place of occupation, municipality
Table: session
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Technical
Value set: Municipality code, following the local government reform.

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| 147 | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| 461 | Odense |
| 561 | Esbjerg |
| 615 | Horsens |
| 621 | Kolding |
| 630 | Vejle |
| 730 | Randers |
| 751 | Árhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown. See external link for complete list of values:
http://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/Nomenklaturer/NUTS.aspx
Special municipality codes: 997 Continental Shelf and 999 Abroad.

## PrimOccFareZone

Place of occupation, public transport fare zone

Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Public Transport fare zone

## PrimOccGMMzone

Place of occupation, zone in the GMM model
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Zone number in the Danish national transport model (GMM)
Please contact the Danish Road Directorate with any enquiries relating to the GMM zonal system.

## WorkHoursPw

Number of weekly working hours
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Hours, [0-168]

## WorkHourType

Planning of working hours
Table: session
Variable type: enum arbtidform
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | arbtidform |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Fixed working hours, same every day |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Fixed working hours, vary day by day |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Flexitime with compulsory time/core time |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Full flexitime |

## WorkPubPriv

Public- or private-sector employee?
Table: session
Variable type: enum privoffansat
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | privoffansat |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Private |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Public |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Other, intermediate forms |

## WorkatHomeDayspM

Days working from home

Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Days per month, [0-31]

## SduNUTS

Usual Daily Base, NUTS
Table: session
Variable type: Character nuts2021
Origin: Derived
Value set: NUTS 2021

| id | nuts2021 |
| :--- | :--- |
| DK011 | Copenhagen city |
| DK012 | Greater Copenhagen |
| DK013 | Northern Zealand |
| DK014 | Bornholm |
| DK021 | Eastern Zealand |
| DK022 | Western Zealand |
| DK031 | Funen |
| DK032 | Southern Jutland |
| DK041 | Western Jutland |
| DK042 | Eastern Jutland |
| DK050 | Northern Jutland |

(Selected values shown)

## SduMuncode

Usual Daily Base, municipality
Table: session
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Technical
Value set: Municipality code, following the local government reform.

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| 147 | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| 461 | Odense |
| 561 | Esbjerg |
| 615 | Horsens |
| 621 | Kolding |
| 630 | Vejle |
| 730 | Randers |
| 751 | Árhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown. See external link for complete list of values:
http://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/Nomenklaturer/NUTS.aspx

## SduGMMzone

Usual Daily Base, zone in the GMM model
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Zone number in the Danish national transport model (GMM)
Please contact the Danish Road Directorate with any enquiries relating to the GMM zonal system.

## GISdistHW

Calculated distance between home and place of occupation
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Distance between home and place of occupation as the crow flies

## kmarbud

Stated travel distance to place of occupation
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Units: km

Questions left out from questionnaire per 30 January 2009, but maintained in data set until further notice.

HwDayspW
Number of commuter days
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Days per week, [0-7]


Supplementary question to respondents stating that they commute less than 5 days per week.

## WorkParkPoss

Parking conditions at place of occupation
Table: session
Variable type: enum pmulighed
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | pmulighed | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Employer makes permanent space available | Option only for employees |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Other permanent space for my car | Option only for employees |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Permanent space for my car | Option not for employees |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | Always space, free parking |  |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Normally space, free parking |  |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | Rarely/never space, but free |  |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Normally space, limited in time (the car must be |  |
| $\mathbf{2 3}$ | moved during the day) | Rarely/never space and limited in time |
| $\mathbf{3 1}$ | Always space, payment required |  |
| $\mathbf{3 2}$ | Normally space, payment required |  |
| $\mathbf{3 3}$ | Rarely/never space, payment required |  |

## RespHasBicycle

Bicycle ownership
Table: session
Variable type: enum janej
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | janej |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Yes |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | No |

## RespHasSeasonTicket

Season ticket
Table: session
Variable type: enum janej
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | janej |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Yes |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | No |

Season ticket/commuter ticket/monthly ticket for public transport

## RespHasRejsekort

Rejsekort
Table: session
Variable type: enum rejsekorttype
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | rejsekorttype | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Yes | Value used untill August 2019 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | No 'Rejsekort' |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Commuter 'Rejsekort' (green) |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Students 'Rejsekort' (orange) |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | Anonymous 'Rejsekort' (blue) |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | Flex 'Rejsekort' (blue) |  |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | Personal 'Rejsekort' (blue) |  |
| $\mathbf{3 5}$ | Commuters combination 'Rejsekort' (blue) |  |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ | Business 'Rejsekort' (blue w/ large E) |  |
| $\mathbf{9 9}$ | More than one 'Rejsekort' |  |

Danish electronic ticket (smartcard) for public transport

## RespHasDrivlic

Driving licence
Table: session
Variable type: enum korekort
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | korekort | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{- 1 8}$ | Person under 18 years / under 17 years from | Value added during post-processing. |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 2017 |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Yes |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | No, has never had |  |

Driving licence for ordinary passenger car (category B).

## RespDrivlicYear

Year of obtaining driving licence
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: 4-digit year
Only for respondents who have or have had a driving licence.

## ResplsMemCarshare

Member of car sharing scheme
Table: session
Variable type: enum janej
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | janej |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Yes |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | No |

Questions asked in this form since 3 February 2009. For earlier data the field is reconstructed using the car table, CarOwnership=car sharing.

## HousehNumCars

Car availability in household
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Number of cars, 0 for none

## HousehCarOwnership

Car ownership in household
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of cars, 0 for none

## Handicap

Handicap
Table: session
Variable type: enum janej
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | janej |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Yes |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | No |

## HousehAccomodation

Home, type
Table: session
Variable type: enum boform
Origin: Questionnaire

## Value set:

id boform

1 Detached single-family house
2 Terraced house, linked house
3 Block of flats
4 Farm
5 Student residence
6 Other

## HousehAccOwnOrRent

Home, ownership
Table: session
Variable type: enum ejelejebolig
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:
id ejelejebolig
1 Owner-occupied dwelling
2 Rent
3 Cooperative

## IncRespondent

Own income, year's prices
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year. 0 indicates actively selected no income.
The question includes 'don't know' option and NULL-values are therefore widely occurring

## IncRespondent2000

Own income, price index 2000
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year, converted to price level 2000 via the consumer prices index.

The question includes 'don't know' option and NULL-values are therefore widely occurring.

## IncSpouse

Spouse's income, year's prices
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year. 0 indicates actively selected no income.
The question includes 'don't know' option and NULL-values are therefore widely occurring.

## IncSpouse2000

Spouse's income, price index 2000
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year, converted to price level 2000 via the consumer prices index.

The question includes 'don't know' option and NULL-values are therefore widely occurring.

## IncNuclFamily

Nuclear family's income, year's prices
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year.
The nuclear family's total gross income, calculated based on other income information and the composition of the household.

## IncNuclFamily2000

Nuclear family's income, price index 2000
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year, converted to price level 2000 via the consumer prices index.

The nuclear family's total gross income, calculated based on other income information and the composition of the household.

## IncFamily

Family's income, year's prices
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year.
The questions about the family's and the household's total income are not asked at the same time in the different questionnaire versions. Due to the structure of the question about the composition of the household, in most cases it is possible to construct the fields based on each other. This has been done in the data set. The question includes 'don't know' option and NULL-values are therefore widely occurring.

## IncFamily2000

Family's income, price index 2000
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year, converted to price level 2000 via the consumer prices index.

The questions about the family's and the household's income are not asked at the same time in the different questionnaire versions. Due to the structure of the question about the composition of the household, in most cases it is possible to construct the fields based on each other. This has been done in the data set. The question includes 'don't know' option and NULL-values are therefore widely occurring.

## IncHouseh

Household's income, year's prices
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year.
The questions about the family's and the household's income are not asked at the same time in the different questionnaire versions. Due to the structure of the question about the composition of the household, in most cases it is possible to construct the fields based on each other. This has been done in the data set. The question includes 'don't know' option and NULL-values are therefore widely occurring.

## IncHouseh2000

Household's income, price index 2000
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: . 000 DKK
Value set: Gross income, thousand DKK per year, converted to price level 2000 via the consumer prices index.

The questions about the family's and the household's income are not asked at the same time in the different questionnaire versions. Due to the structure of the question about the composition of the household, in most cases it is possible to construct the fields based on each other. This has been done in the data set. The question includes 'don't know' option and NULL-values are therefore widely occurring.

## NuclFamType

The respondent's nuclear family type
Table: session
Variable type: enum NuclFamType
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | NuclFamType |
| :--- | :--- |
| 10 | Single |
| 11 | Single with child/children |
| 20 | Couple |
| 21 | Couple with child/children |

The respondent's family type considered as nuclear family.
The nuclear family includes only the part of the family fitting the pattern "mum, dad and children" according to the following prioritised rules:

1. If the respondent has child living at home/child of partner, but not grandchildren or children-in-law the nuclear family includes the respondent plus his/her possible spouse/partner and their children under 25 years of age.
2. If the respondent is under 25 years of age and lives with his/her father or mother but not with his/her spouse/partner, own children or grandchildren, the nuclear family includes the respondent plus any siblings under 25 years of age, father and mother.
3. In other cases the nuclear family includes the respondent and his/her possible spouse/partner.

Other family members are considered to be outside the nuclear family.

## PosInFamily

Position in the nuclear family
Table: session
Variable type: enum PositionInFamily
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | PositionInFamily | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | Single |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | Older in couple |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Younger in couple | under 25 years of age |
| 20 | Child in nuclear family |  |

The respondent's position in the nuclear family to which the respondent by definition belongs.

## NuclFamNumPers

Number of persons in the nuclear family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Total number of persons in the nuclear family

## NuclFamNumAdults

Number of adults in nuclear family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of adults (AgeSimple>=18) in the nuclear family.

## NuclFamNumPers1084

Number of persons 10-84 years in nuclear family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of persons 10-84 years (AgeSimple>=18 \& AgeSimple<85) in the nuclear family.
For extracts in which the number of nuclear families is used as a unit SessionWeight /
NuclFamNumPers1084 is used as weight. The reason is that large families more often are represented than smaller families, as sampling takes place at individual level.

## NuclFamNumPersO6

Number of persons 6 years or older in nuclear family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of persons over 6 years of age (AgeSimple>=6) in the nuclear family.
For extracts in which the number of nuclear families is used as a unit SessionWeight / NuclFamNumPers1084 is used as weight. The reason is that large families more often are represented than smaller families, as sampling takes place at individual level.

## NuclFamNumDrivLic

Number of persons with a driving licence in nuclear family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of persons with a driving licence (HasDrivLic=1) in the nuclear family.

## FamNumPers

Number of persons in the family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Total number of persons in the family defined as all family-related persons in the household.

## FamNumAdults

Number of adults in the family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of adults (AgeSimple>=18) in the family defined as all family-related persons in the household.

## FamNumPers1084

Number of persons 10-84 years in the family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of persons 10-84 years (AgeSimple>=18 \& AgeSimple<85) in the family defined as all familyrelated persons in the household. SessionWeight / FamNumPers1084 is used as weight for calculations according to number of families.

## FamNumPers06

Number of persons 6 years or older in the family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of persons over 6 years of age (AgeSimple>=6) in the family defined as all family-related persons in the household. Weight06 / FamNumPersO6 is used as weight for calculations according to number of families.

## FamNumDrivLic

Number of persons with a driving licence in the family
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of persons with a driving licence (HasDrivLic=1) in the family defined as all family-related persons in the household.

## HousehNumPers

Number of persons in the household
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Number of persons

## HousehNumAdults

Number of adults in the household
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of adults (AgeSimple>=18) in the household.

## HousehNumPers1084

Number of persons 10-84 years in the household
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of persons 10-84 years (AgeSimple>=18 \& AgeSimple<85) in the household. SessionWeight / HousehNumPers1084 is used as weight for calculations according to number of households.

## HousehNumPersO6

Number of persons 6 years or older in the household
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of persons over 6 years of age (AgeSimple>=6) in the household.
WeightO6/HousehNumPersO6 is used as weight for calculations according to number of households.

## HousehNumDrivlic

Number of persons with a driving licence in the household
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of persons
Number of persons with a driving licence (HasDrivLic=1) in the household.

## DayStartNUTS

Start of the day, NUTS
Table: session
Variable type: Character nuts2021
Origin: Derived
Value set: NUTS 2021

| id | nuts2021 |
| :--- | :--- |
| DE300 | Berlin |
| DE600 | Hamburg |
| DEF | Schleswig-Holstein |
| DEF01 | Flensburg, Kreisfreie Stadt |
| DEF0C | Schleswig-Flensburg (Flensburg surroundings) |
| DK011 | Copenhagen city |
| DK012 | Greater Copenhagen |
| DK013 | Northern Zealand |
| DK014 | Bornholm |
| DK021 | Eastern Zealand |
| DK022 | Western Zealand |
| DK031 | Funen |
| DK032 | Southern Jutland |
| DK041 | Western Jutland |
| DK042 | Eastern Jutland |
| DK050 | Northern Jutland |
| NO011 | Oslo |
| SE110 | Stockholm County |
| SE224 | Skåne County |

(Selected values shown)

## DayStartMuncode

Start of the day, municipality
Table: session
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Technical
Value set: Municipality code, following the local government reform.

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| 147 | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| $\mathbf{4 6 1}$ | Odense |
| 561 | Esbjerg |
| 615 | Horsens |
| 621 | Kolding |
| 630 | Vejle |
| 730 | Randers |
| 751 | Arhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown. See external link for complete list of values: http://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/Nomenklaturer/NUTS.aspx

Special municipality codes: 997 Continental Shelf and 999 Abroad.

## DayStartCityCode

Start of the day, town code
Table: session
Variable type: enum CityCode
Origin: Derived
Value set: Town code according to same definition as KMS/DST

| id | CityCode |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1 0 0}$ | The metropolitan area |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 4 0}$ | Roskilde |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 6 4}$ | Kolding |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 7 0}$ | Vejle |
| 10677 | Odense |
| $\mathbf{1 0 6 9 1}$ | Randers |
| 10938 | Aalborg |
| $\mathbf{1 1 0 0 7}$ | Herning |
| 11045 | Arhus |
| 11196 | Esbjerg |
| Only a small sample of values is shown. |  |

## DayStartFareZone

Start of the day, public transport fare zone
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Public Transport fare zone

## DayStartGMMzone

Start of the day, zone in the GMM model
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Zone number in the Danish national transport model (GMM)
Please contact the Danish Road Directorate with any enquiries relating to the GMM zonal system.

## DayStartJourneyRole

Start of the day: position in journey
Table: session
Variable type: enum journeyrole
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | journeyrole | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | The journey base | The destination of the trip is the stay <br> with the longest duration on the <br> journey. |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Primary stay |  |
|  |  |  |

Specifies whether start of the day is journey base (0) or primary stay on first journey (1)

| DayStartPurp |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Purpose at start of the day |  |  |
| Table: session |  |  |
| Variable type: enum Purp19 |  |  |
| Origin: Questionnaire |  |  |
| id | Purp19 | Description |
| 1 | Home | Place of residence. Not necessarily the CPR-address, as we recognise that one can live in several places. |
| 11 | Workplace | Commuting destination, normal workplace/address of employer |
| 12 | School, educational institution | School/education on the school/educational institution itself. |
| 13 | Youth center, youth club, after-sch |  |
| 14 | Nursery, crèche, day care |  |
| 20 | (Unknown Errand) |  |
| 21 | Escorting to/from activity | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person directly from/to where this person is/is going. |
| 22 | Escorting to/from transport | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person from/to another means of transport, which may be public or individual, as applicable. |
| 23 | Collect/bring objects |  |
| 25 | (Unknown leisure) |  |
| 31 | Shopping |  |
| 32 | Other errand | Bank, library, garage, etc. |
| 33 | Social/health | Visit to doctor, dentist, hairdresser, social services, job center, etc. It concerns own health or own social situation. |
| 38 | Church, Religious services | Until 2019 part of (43) |
| 39 | School excursions etc. | Education that does not take place at the school/education institution, e.g. school trips, excursions, study trips. |
| 41 | Visit family/friends |  |
| 42 | Do sports |  |
| 43 | Entertainment | In general all leisure activities in which one participates passively: Cinema, cafe, restaurant, sport spectator, etc. |
| 44 | Summer cottage, allotment |  |
| 45 | Leisure round trip | Walk, run, bicycle trip, drive (the trip was a purpose in itself) |
| 46 | Holiday, excursion | Leisure/adventure trips with obvious destination. Includes both short, spontaneous excursions and longer holiday trips. |
| 47 | Meetings in private context |  |
| 49 | Other leisure activity | Leisure activity in which one participates actively, but which is not sport, and for which no wages are paid (then it would be work) |
| 50 | (Unknown business purpose) |  |
| 51 | Meetings, conferences (business) | Business trip with meeting activity of an internal nature. Participation in |


|  |  | courses, conferences, company seminars, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52 | Customer or client visit (as part of my job) | Business trip with meeting activity with a third party. For instance, the sales representative visiting a customer or the doctor visiting a patient. Common feature is that own knowledge-based business is carried out by visits to a number of addresses. |
| 53 | Business services, trade (this is my job) | Business trip where this place is visited to carry out own trade. For instance, the plumber changing a water tap or the domestic help cleaning. Common feature is that own practical trade is carried out at a number of addresses. |
| 54 | Other business trip | Longer trips with business purpose, often with combination of purposes 51, 52, 53. |
| 61 | Commercial transport of goods | Postman, paper boy, lorry driver etc. |
| 62 | Commercial transport of persons |  |
| 64 | Other commercial transport | The purpose of the trip is to carry out own business. The job is not directly transport, however the trip is still a purpose in itself: it may be road control, surveying of roads and a lot more. |

Interview at start of the day = home address is coded with $1 /$ home, unless other is known. Data from 2006 and 2007 include NULL values, as the question was with optional response.

## RespNotripReason

Reason for no trips
Table: session
Variable type: enum notripreason
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | notripreason | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | Illness |  |
| 12 | Cannot leave home for reasons of health or due to handicap |  |
| 13 | Was just not out during the entire day | Value used until December 2009. |
| 14 | (Abroad the entire day) | Technical value which is added during post-processing |
| 111 | Quarantine | Value used from March 2020. |
| 112 | Child's illness | Value used from March 2020. |
| 131 | Worked at home the entire day and was not out | Value used from December 2009. |
| 132 | Was just not out | Value used from December 2009. |

## NightsAway

Number of nights out
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of nights
The value 15999 is used 2010-22 for 15 or more nights. The value 21999 is used since 2022 for 21 or more nights.

## TotalNumTrips

Number of trips as raw number of records
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Formal definition: Count(tur.Turld)=Max(tur.TurNr)
Value set: Number of trips, 0 for none
Number of trips in database terms.

## NumTripsCorr

Number of trips, adjusted
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Formal definition: Sum(tur.TripCount)
Value set: Number of trips, 0 for none
Number of trips in which trips abroad count as 1 trip, despite there being 2 records and in which number of stops in the simplified business tour is correctly included. NumTripsCorr should normally be used as number of trips in analyses, as this adjusts for duplication of trips abroad and for the differences in data collection about business trips.

## NumTripsExclComTrans

Number of trips, without commercial transport
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Formal definition: Sum(tur.TripCount) WHERE TripPurp<60
Value set: Number of trips, 0 for none
Adjusted number of trips from which commercial transport trips (TripPurp>60) are excluded. As in NumTripsCorr trips abroad and the simplified business tour are handled correctly.

## TotalLen

Total travel distance of trips
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Formal definition: Sum(tur.SumLen)
Units: km

## TotalLenExclComTrans

Total travel distance without commercial transport
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Formal definition: Sum(tur.SumLen) WHERE TripPurp<60
Units: km
Total travel distance of trips in which commercial transport (TripPurp>60) is excluded. This figure should normally be used as day distance in analyses.

## TotalMotorLen

Total motorised travel distance
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: km

## TotalBicLen

Total bicycle travel distance
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

## TotalMin

Total duration of trips
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min

Simplified business tour does not include information about travel times. TotalMin is consequently exclusive of travel time in simplified business tours.

## TotalMinExclComTrans

Total duration of trips, excl Commercial Transport
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min

Simplified business tour does not include information about travel times. TotalMin is consequently exclusive of travel time in simplified business tours.

## TotalMotorMin

Total motorised duration of trips
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min

## TotalGramCO2

$\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ Emission
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: gram $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
Estimated $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emission for road traffic.

## TotalGramCO2eq

$\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ Equivalent
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: gram $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}$
Estimated $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ equivalent for road traffic.

## TotalFuelConsumpMJ

Energy consumption
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: MJ

Estimated energy consumption for road traffic.

## PrimModeDay

Primary mode of transport for the entire day
Table: session
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public transport, irrespective of bus company. |
| 32 | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains |
| 33 | Other train | This category includes all trains that are not S-trains or Metro |
| 34 | Metro train | Copenhagen Metro |
| 35 | Dial-a-ride, flexible transport service |  |
| 37 | Light rail/tram | Light rail in Århus/Odense/Copenhagen |
| 41 | Ferry, water bus |  |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |
| 51 | Airplane | All airborne transport: airliner, private plane and helicopter. |

Primary mode of transport defined as the mode that accounts for the longest travel distance (sum(stagelength)). In case of parity the mode with highest ID.

| ModeChainTypeDay |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transport mode chain for the entire day |  |  |
| Table: session |  |  |
| Variable type: enum ChainType |  |  |
| Origin: Derived |  |  |
| Value set: |  |  |
| id | ChainType | Description |
| 1 | Walk | Walk as only mode - walking in combination with other modes are included under those |
| 2 | Bicycle | Bicycle or Moped 30 as only mode, disregarding walk |
| 11 | Driver of passenger car |  |
| 19 | Driver of other motorized road vehicle | Driver of Moped 45, Van, Lorry, Motorcycle, Tractor, Taxi cab or Tourist coach |
| 21 | Passenger car passenger |  |
| 29 | Passenger in other motorized road vehicle | Passenger in Moped 45, Van, Lorry, Motorcycle, Tractor, Taxi cab or Tourist coach |
| 50 | Airplane |  |
| 90 | Other / miscellaneous | Horse-drawn carriage, pleasure boat and ferry as only means of transport. |
| 110 | Train | Including Light Rail, S-train and Metro |
| 120 | Collective bus | Bus as part of collective, public transport |
| 130 | Train + bus in combination |  |
| 132 | Train / bus in combination with bicycle |  |
| 133 | Train / bus in combination with car |  |

## DayNumJourneys

Number of journeys during 24 hours
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Number of journeys in the day programme, calculated so that closed journeys have factor 1, half open factor 0.5 and fully open are ignored.

## JstartType

Journey base, type

Table: session
Variable type: enum JstartType
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | JstartType | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Civil reg.no. address which is d'liifferent from <br> specified home |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Home address specified in interview |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Specified Usual Daily Base | In certain model settings JstartType=7 <br> is to be included under fully open <br> journeys |

## JStartNUTS

Journey base, NUTS
Table: session
Variable type: Character nuts2021
Origin: Derived
Value set: NUTS 2021

| id | nuts2021 |
| :--- | :--- |
| DK011 | Copenhagen city |
| DK012 | Greater Copenhagen |
| DK013 | Northern Zealand |
| DK014 | Bornholm |
| DK021 | Eastern Zealand |
| DK022 | Western Zealand |
| DK031 | Funen |
| DK032 | Southern Jutland |
| DK041 | Western Jutland |
| DK042 | Eastern Jutland |
| DK050 | Northern Jutland |

(Selected values shown)

## JstartMuncode

Journey base, municipality
Table: session
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Derived
Value set: Municipality code, following the local government reform.

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| 147 | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| 461 | Odense |
| 561 | Esbjerg |
| 615 | Horsens |
| 621 | Kolding |
| 630 | Vejle |
| 730 | Randers |
| 751 | Arhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown. See external link for complete list of values:
http://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/Nomenklaturer/NUTS.aspx
Municipality code corresponding to the place used as base for the journeys.

## JstartGMMzone

Journey base, zone in the GMM model
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Zone number in the Danish national transport model (GMM)
Please contact the Danish Road Directorate with any enquiries relating to the GMM zonal system.

## JstartFareZone

Journey base, public transport fare zone
Table: session
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Public Transport fare zone

## JstartNearestStation

Journey base, nearest station
Table: session
Variable type: Character
Origin: Derived
Value set: Station name
Nearest station, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## JstartDistNearestStation

Journey base, distance to nearest station
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Distance to nearest station as the crow flies, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## DayJourneyType

Journey type of the day
Table: session
Variable type: enum DayJourneyType
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | DayJourneyType | Description <br> No trips, stay at the home address, <br> which is consequently journey base. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Not out, stay at home | Not out, stay outside home |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | Closed day journey | Strips, stay at another place. <br> slace which is of the day is same the journey base. |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Open end | The day starts at the journey base but <br> ends 'out'. |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | Open start | The day starts 'out', but ends at the <br> journey base. |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Fully open day programme | The journey base is not involved <br> during the day. |
| $\mathbf{2 1 2}$ | Doubly open day programme | The day both starts and ends out but <br> involves the journey base during the <br> day. |

## DayPrimTargetMuncode

Primary stay of the day, municipality
Table: session
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| 147 | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| 461 | Odense |
| 561 | Esbjerg |
| 615 | Horsens |
| 621 | Kolding |
| $\mathbf{6 3 0}$ | Vejle |
| 730 | Randers |
| 751 | Árhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown. See external link for complete list of values:
http://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/Nomenklaturer/NUTS.aspx
Special municipality codes: 997 Continental Shelf and 999 Abroad.

## DayPrimTargetPurp

Primary stay of the day, purpose
Table: session
Variable type: enum Purp19
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | Purp19 | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Home | Place of residence. Not necessarily the CPR-address, as we recognise that one can live in several places. |
| 11 | Workplace | Commuting destination, normal workplace/address of employer |
| 12 | School, educational institution | School/education on the school/educational institution itself. |
| 13 | Youth center, youth club, after-school center |  |
| 14 | Nursery, crèche, day care |  |
| 20 | (Unknown Errand) |  |
| 21 | Escorting to/from activity | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person directly from/to where this person is/is going. |
| 22 | Escorting to/from transport | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person from/to another means of transport, which may be public or individual, as applicable. |
| 23 | Collect/bring objects |  |
| 25 | (Unknown leisure) |  |
| 31 | Shopping |  |
| 32 | Other errand | Bank, library, garage, etc. |
| 33 | Social/health | Visit to doctor, dentist, hairdresser, social services, job center, etc. It concerns own health or own social situation. |


| 38 | Church, Religious services | Until 2019 part of (43) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | School excursions etc. | Education that does not take place at the school/education institution, e.g. school trips, excursions, study trips. |
| 41 | Visit family/friends |  |
| 42 | Do sports |  |
| 43 | Entertainment | In general all leisure activities in which one participates passively: Cinema, cafe, restaurant, sport spectator, etc. |
| 44 | Summer cottage, allotment |  |
| 45 | Leisure round trip | Walk, run, bicycle trip, drive (the trip was a purpose in itself) |
| 46 | Holiday, excursion | Leisure/adventure trips with obvious destination. Includes both short, spontaneous excursions and longer holiday trips. |
| 47 | Meetings in private context |  |
| 49 | Other leisure activity | Leisure activity in which one participates actively, but which is not sport, and for which no wages are paid (then it would be work) |
| 50 | (Unknown business purpose) |  |
| 51 | Meetings, conferences (business) | Business trip with meeting activity of an internal nature. Participation in courses, conferences, company seminars, etc. |
| 52 | Customer or client visit (as part of my job) | Business trip with meeting activity with a third party. For instance, the sales representative visiting a customer or the doctor visiting a patient. Common feature is that own knowledge-based business is carried out by visits to a number of addresses. |
| 53 | Business services, trade (this is my job) | Business trip where this place is visited to carry out own trade. For instance, the plumber changing a water tap or the domestic help cleaning. Common feature is that own practical trade is carried out at a number of addresses. |
| 54 | Other business trip | Longer trips with business purpose, often with combination of purposes 51, 52, 53. |
| 61 | Commercial transport of goods | Postman, paper boy, lorry driver etc. |
| 62 | Commercial transport of persons |  |
| 64 | Other commercial transport | The purpose of the trip is to carry out own business. The job is not directly transport, however the trip is still a purpose in itself: it may be road control, surveying of roads and a lot more. |

## SessionWeight

Weighting factor, 10-84 y
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Value set: Weighting factor, scaled such that one year's data in principle add up to the annual average day traffic.

Weighting of the survey to the 10-84 year interval. The data are weighed to fit 2 dimensions: Calendar (date) and socio-geographic (gender, age, address)

## WeightOver6

Weighting factor, over 6 y
Table: session
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Value set: Weighting factor, scaled such that one year's data in principle add up to the annual average day traffic.

Weighting of the survey to population over 6 years of age, for the years 2016 onwards. The data are weighed in 2 dimensions: Calendar (date) and socio-geographic (gender, age, address)

## 3. Journeys of the day

The entire journey from home and back to home.
Journey is an aggregation of trips so that travels wherever possible start and end at the same place, 'at home'.

The structure of the journeys is based on the journey base which is the home address, or if this is not visited, 'Usual Daily Base', or, if this is not visited, start of the day, if the day's programme returns to this place. Details about the journey base are found in the Session table.

A distinction is made between open and closed journeys, according to whether information is available about start and end of journey. Closed journeys take place only within the 24 hours of the interview.

The primary stay is defined as the stay with the longest staying time, max(DwelTime). It is specifically defined that in connection with partly open journeys (in which only one end point is the journey base) that the primary stay is the night stay before and after respectively.

In connection with closed journeys to/from abroad the stay abroad is defined as the primary stay. No primary stay is defined for fully open journeys. The purpose is simply defined as the purpose of the primary stay.

Secondary stay is defined as the stay before/after the primary stay closest to being the primary stay without being it.

## Journeyld

Primary key
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical

## Sessionld

Reference to the corresponding session
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical

## Firstturnr

Start of the journey
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
Value set: turnr
Identifies the start of the journey by reference to the turnr comprising the destination which is the start of the journey. For journeys starting with start of the day firstturnr=0.

## Lastturnr

End of the journey
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
Value set: turnr
Identifies the end of the journey by reference to the turnr where the journey ends. For journeys ending 'out' lastturnr equals the last occurring turnr +1

## JourneyType

| Type of journey |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Table: journey |  |
| Variable type: enum journeytype |  |
| Origin: Derived |  |
| Value set: | journeytype |
| id | Closed journey | | Description |
| :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Open end | Both start and end is the journey |
| :--- |
| base. |

Main type of journey, according to whether the journey starts or ends at home/journey base. For several analyses it is relevant to look at, for instance, only the closed journeys.

## JStartTimeMsm

Time of start of the journey.
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Minutes past midnight, [180-1620]

## JEndTimeMsm

Time of end of the journey
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Minutes past midnight, [180-1620]
Time of end of journey = arrival at the journey base after journey, or at end destination of the day for journeys with open end.

## SumLen

Total travel distance of trip stages of the journey
Table: journey
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

## SumLenExcICT

Journey Distance, excl. Commercial Transport
Table: journey
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

Total travel distance of trip stages of the journey, excl. trips with Commercial Transport (TripPurp>=60)

## SumMin

Total duration of trip stages of the journey
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Total specified travel time during the journey, incl. any waiting time en route.

## SumMotorLen

Motorised travel distance
Table: journey
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Stated (part) travel distance of trip stages during the journey using motorised modes of transport (stageMode!=\{1,2,5,6,42\}).

## SumMotorMin

Motorised duration
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Stated (part) duration of trip stages during the journey using motorised modes of transport (stageMode!=\{1,2,5,6,42\}).

## MaxDistFromStartP

Maximum distance as the crow flies from the journey base
Table: journey
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

The maximum distance as the crow flies from the journey base to a random point of the journey, $\max (\mathrm{GISdistJourneyStartP)}$.

In many analyses this distance can be used to decide whether the journey is local or regional.

## PrimTargetTurnr

Identifies the primary stay of the journey by reference to turnr
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
Value set: turnr

## PrimTargetPurp

Purpose of the primary stay on the journey

| Table: journey |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Variable type: enum Purp19 |  |  |
| Origin: Derived |  |  |
| Value set: |  |  |
| id | Purp19 | Description |
| 1 | Home | Place of residence. Not necessarily the CPR-address, as we recognise that one can live in several places. |
| 11 | Workplace | Commuting destination, normal workplace/address of employer |
| 12 | School, educational institution | School/education on the school/educational institution itself. |
| 13 | Youth center, youth club, after-sch |  |
| 14 | Nursery, crèche, day care |  |
| 20 | (Unknown Errand) |  |
| 21 | Escorting to/from activity | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person directly from/to where this person is/is going. |
| 22 | Escorting to/from transport | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person from/to another means of transport, which may be public or individual, as applicable. |
| 23 | Collect/bring objects |  |
| 25 | (Unknown leisure) |  |
| 31 | Shopping |  |
| 32 | Other errand | Bank, library, garage, etc. |
| 33 | Social/health | Visit to doctor, dentist, hairdresser, social services, job center, etc. It concerns own health or own social situation. |
| 38 | Church, Religious services | Until 2019 part of (43) |
| 39 | School excursions etc. | Education that does not take place at the school/education institution, e.g. school trips, excursions, study trips. |
| 41 | Visit family/friends |  |
| 42 | Do sports |  |
| 43 | Entertainment | In general all leisure activities in which one participates passively: Cinema, cafe, restaurant, sport spectator, etc. |
| 44 | Summer cottage, allotment |  |
| 45 | Leisure round trip | Walk, run, bicycle trip, drive (the trip was a purpose in itself) |
| 46 | Holiday, excursion | Leisure/adventure trips with obvious destination. Includes both short, spontaneous excursions and longer holiday trips. |
| 47 | Meetings in private context |  |
| 49 | Other leisure activity | Leisure activity in which one participates actively, but which is not sport, and for which no wages are paid (then it would be work) |
| 50 | (Unknown business purpose) |  |
| 51 | Meetings, conferences (business) | Business trip with meeting activity of an internal nature. Participation in |


|  |  | courses, conferences, company seminars, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52 | Customer or client visit (as part of my job) | Business trip with meeting activity with a third party. For instance, the sales representative visiting a customer or the doctor visiting a patient. Common feature is that own knowledge-based business is carried out by visits to a number of addresses. |
| 53 | Business services, trade (this is my job) | Business trip where this place is visited to carry out own trade. For instance, the plumber changing a water tap or the domestic help cleaning. Common feature is that own practical trade is carried out at a number of addresses. |
| 54 | Other business trip | Longer trips with business purpose, often with combination of purposes 51, 52, 53. |
| 61 | Commercial transport of goods | Postman, paper boy, lorry driver etc. |
| 62 | Commercial transport of persons |  |
| 64 | Other commercial transport | The purpose of the trip is to carry out own business. The job is not directly transport, however the trip is still a purpose in itself: it may be road control, surveying of roads and a lot more. |

Purpose of the stay with the longest staying time of the journey. Purpose abroad on trips abroad.

## PrimTargetDweltime

Duration of primary stay
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Duration of the stay at the primary stay of the journey as is defined by max(DestDweltime).

## PrimTargetNUTS

Primary stay, NUTS
Table: journey
Variable type: Character nuts2021
Origin: Derived
Value set: NUTS 2021

| id | nuts2021 |
| :--- | :--- |
| DE300 | Berlin |
| DE600 | Hamburg |
| DEF | Schleswig-Holstein |
| DEF01 | Flensburg, Kreisfreie Stadt |
| DEF0C | Schleswig-Flensburg (Flensburg surroundings) |
| DK011 | Copenhagen city |
| DK012 | Greater Copenhagen |
| DK013 | Northern Zealand |
| DK014 | Bornholm |
| DK021 | Eastern Zealand |
| DK022 | Western Zealand |
| DK031 | Funen |
| DK032 | Southern Jutland |
| DK041 | Western Jutland |
| DK042 | Eastern Jutland |
| DK050 | Northern Jutland |
| NO011 | Oslo |
| SE110 | Stockholm County |
| SE224 | Skảne County |

(Selected values shown)

## PrimTargetMuncode

Primary stay, municipality
Table: journey
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| 147 | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| 461 | Odense |
| 561 | Esbjerg |
| 615 | Horsens |
| 621 | Kolding |
| 630 | Vejle |
| 730 | Randers |
| 751 | Árhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown.
Municipality code, following the local government reform, supplemented values for abroad (999) and the Continental Shelf (997)

## PrimTCityCode

Primary stay, town code
Table: journey
Variable type: enum CityCode
Origin: Derived
Value set: Town code according to same definition as KMS/DST

| id | CityCode |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1 0 0}$ | The metropolitan area |
| 10040 | Roskilde |
| 10064 | Kolding |
| 10370 | Vejle |
| 10677 | Odense |
| 10691 | Randers |
| 10938 | Aalborg |
| 11007 | Herning |
| 11045 | Århus |
| 11196 | Esbjerg |
| Only a small sample of values is shown. |  |

## PrimTCitySize

Primary stay, town size
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Number of inhabitants
Town size (DiaryYear) according to Statistics Denmark, StatBank Denmark.

## PrimTargetGMMzone

Primary stay, zone in the GMM model
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Zone number in the Danish national transport model (GMM)
Please contact the Danish Road Directorate with any enquiries relating to the GMM zonal system.

## PrimTAreaType

Primary stay, area type
Table: journey
Variable type: enum AreaType
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | AreaType |
| :--- | :--- |
| 10 | Low rise buildings |
| 20 | City Centre or high rise buildings |
| 40 | Recreational area |
| 44 | Summer Cottage area |
| 50 | Industrial area |

## PrimTNearestStation

Primary stay, nearest station
Table: journey
Variable type: Character
Origin: Derived
Value set: Station name
Nearest station, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## PrimTDistNearestStation

Primary stay, distance to nearest station
Table: journey
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Distance to nearest station as the crow flies, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## OutBSecTurnr

Turnr for any secondary stay on the outbound part
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
Identifies the primary stay on the outbound part by reference to turnr

## OutBSecPurp

Purpose of any secondary stay on the outbound part

| Table: journey |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Variable type: enum Purp19 |  |  |
| Origin: Derived |  |  |
| Value set: |  |  |
| id | Purp19 | Description |
| 1 | Home | Place of residence. Not necessarily the CPR-address, as we recognise that one can live in several places. |
| 11 | Workplace | Commuting destination, normal workplace/address of employer |
| 12 | School, educational institution | School/education on the school/educational institution itself. |
| 13 | Youth center, youth club, after-sch |  |
| 14 | Nursery, crèche, day care |  |
| 20 | (Unknown Errand) |  |
| 21 | Escorting to/from activity | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person directly from/to where this person is/is going. |
| 22 | Escorting to/from transport | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person from/to another means of transport, which may be public or individual, as applicable. |
| 23 | Collect/bring objects |  |
| 25 | (Unknown leisure) |  |
| 31 | Shopping |  |
| 32 | Other errand | Bank, library, garage, etc. |
| 33 | Social/health | Visit to doctor, dentist, hairdresser, social services, job center, etc. It concerns own health or own social situation. |
| 38 | Church, Religious services | Until 2019 part of (43) |
| 39 | School excursions etc. | Education that does not take place at the school/education institution, e.g. school trips, excursions, study trips. |
| 41 | Visit family/friends |  |
| 42 | Do sports |  |
| 43 | Entertainment | In general all leisure activities in which one participates passively: Cinema, cafe, restaurant, sport spectator, etc. |
| 44 | Summer cottage, allotment |  |
| 45 | Leisure round trip | Walk, run, bicycle trip, drive (the trip was a purpose in itself) |
| 46 | Holiday, excursion | Leisure/adventure trips with obvious destination. Includes both short, spontaneous excursions and longer holiday trips. |
| 47 | Meetings in private context |  |
| 49 | Other leisure activity | Leisure activity in which one participates actively, but which is not sport, and for which no wages are paid (then it would be work) |
| 50 | (Unknown business purpose) |  |
| 51 | Meetings, conferences (business) | Business trip with meeting activity of an internal nature. Participation in |


|  |  | courses, conferences, company seminars, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52 | Customer or client visit (as part of my job) | Business trip with meeting activity with a third party. For instance, the sales representative visiting a customer or the doctor visiting a patient. Common feature is that own knowledge-based business is carried out by visits to a number of addresses. |
| 53 | Business services, trade (this is my job) | Business trip where this place is visited to carry out own trade. For instance, the plumber changing a water tap or the domestic help cleaning. Common feature is that own practical trade is carried out at a number of addresses. |
| 54 | Other business trip | Longer trips with business purpose, often with combination of purposes 51, 52, 53. |
| 61 | Commercial transport of goods | Postman, paper boy, lorry driver etc. |
| 62 | Commercial transport of persons |  |
| 64 | Other commercial transport | The purpose of the trip is to carry out own business. The job is not directly transport, however the trip is still a purpose in itself: it may be road control, surveying of roads and a lot more. |

## HomeBSecTurnr

Turnr for any secondary stay on the home bound part
Table: journey
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
Identifies the primary stay on the homebound part by reference to turnr

| HomeBSecPurp |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Purpose of any secondary stay on the homebound part |  |  |
| Table: journey |  |  |
| Variable type: enum Purp19 |  |  |
| Origin: Derived |  |  |
| Value set: |  |  |
| id | Purp19 | Description |
| 1 | Home | Place of residence. Not necessarily the CPR-address, as we recognise that one can live in several places. |
| 11 | Workplace | Commuting destination, normal workplace/address of employer |
| 12 | School, educational institution | School/education on the school/educational institution itself. |
| 13 | Youth center, youth club, after-sch |  |
| 14 | Nursery, crèche, day care |  |
| 20 | (Unknown Errand) |  |
| 21 | Escorting to/from activity | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person directly from/to where this person is/is going. |
| 22 | Escorting to/from transport | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person from/to another means of transport, which may be public or individual, as applicable. |
| 23 | Collect/bring objects |  |
| 25 | (Unknown leisure) |  |
| 31 | Shopping |  |
| 32 | Other errand | Bank, library, garage, etc. |
| 33 | Social/health | Visit to doctor, dentist, hairdresser, social services, job center, etc. It concerns own health or own social situation. |
| 38 | Church, Religious services | Until 2019 part of (43) |
| 39 | School excursions etc. | Education that does not take place at the school/education institution, e.g. school trips, excursions, study trips. |
| 41 | Visit family/friends |  |
| 42 | Do sports |  |
| 43 | Entertainment | In general all leisure activities in which one participates passively: Cinema, cafe, restaurant, sport spectator, etc. |
| 44 | Summer cottage, allotment |  |
| 45 | Leisure round trip | Walk, run, bicycle trip, drive (the trip was a purpose in itself) |
| 46 | Holiday, excursion | Leisure/adventure trips with obvious destination. Includes both short, spontaneous excursions and longer holiday trips. |
| 47 | Meetings in private context |  |
| 49 | Other leisure activity | Leisure activity in which one participates actively, but which is not sport, and for which no wages are paid (then it would be work) |
| 50 | (Unknown business purpose) |  |
| 51 | Meetings, conferences (business) | Business trip with meeting activity of an internal nature. Participation in |


|  |  | courses, conferences, company seminars, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52 | Customer or client visit (as part of my job) | Business trip with meeting activity with a third party. For instance, the sales representative visiting a customer or the doctor visiting a patient. Common feature is that own knowledge-based business is carried out by visits to a number of addresses. |
| 53 | Business services, trade (this is my job) | Business trip where this place is visited to carry out own trade. For instance, the plumber changing a water tap or the domestic help cleaning. Common feature is that own practical trade is carried out at a number of addresses. |
| 54 | Other business trip | Longer trips with business purpose, often with combination of purposes 51, 52, 53. |
| 61 | Commercial transport of goods | Postman, paper boy, lorry driver etc. |
| 62 | Commercial transport of persons |  |
| 64 | Other commercial transport | The purpose of the trip is to carry out own business. The job is not directly transport, however the trip is still a purpose in itself: it may be road control, surveying of roads and a lot more. |

## ModeChainType

Transport mode chain for the entire journey

| Table: journey |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Variable type: enum ChainType |  |  |
| Origin: Derived |  |  |
| Value set: |  |  |
| id | ChainType | Description |
| 1 | Walk | Walk as only mode - walking in combination with other modes are included under those |
| 2 | Bicycle | Bicycle or Moped 30 as only mode, disregarding walk |
| 11 | Driver of passenger car |  |
| 19 | Driver of other motorized road vehicle | Driver of Moped 45, Van, Lorry, Motorcycle, Tractor, Taxi cab or Tourist coach |
| 21 | Passenger car passenger |  |
| 29 | Passenger in other motorized road vehicle | Passenger in Moped 45, Van, Lorry, Motorcycle, Tractor, Taxi cab or Tourist coach |
| 50 | Airplane |  |
| 90 | Other / miscellaneous | Horse-drawn carriage, pleasure boat and ferry as only means of transport. |
| 110 | Train | Including Light Rail, S-train and Metro |
| 120 | Collective bus | Bus as part of collective, public transport |
| 130 | Train + bus in combination |  |
| 132 | Train / bus in combination with bicycle |  |
| 133 | Train / bus in combination with car |  |

## ModeChainTypeExcICT

Mode Chain Type, excl. Commercial Transport
Table: journey
Variable type: enum ChainType
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | ChainType | Description <br> Walk as only mode - walking in <br> combination with other modes are <br> included under those |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Walk | Bicycle or Moped 30 as only mode, <br> disregarding walk |
| 11 | Bicycle | Driver of Moped 45, Van, Lorry, <br> Motorcycle, Tractor, Taxi cab or <br> Tourist coach |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | Driver of passenger car | Passenger car passenger |

Transport mode chain for the journey, excluding any Commercial Transport trips (TripPurp>=60)

## PrimModeExcICT

Primary mode, excl. Commercial Transport
Table: journey
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public transport, irrespective of bus company. |
| 32 | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains |
| 33 | Other train | This category includes all trains that are not S-trains or Metro |
| 34 | Metro train | Copenhagen Metro |
| 35 | Dial-a-ride, flexible transport service |  |
| 37 | Light rail/tram | Light rail in Århus/Odense/Copenhagen |
| 41 | Ferry, water bus |  |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |
| 51 | Airplane | All airborne transport: airliner, private plane and helicopter. |

Mode with largest covered distance, excl. any commercial transport trips (TripPurp>=60)

## PrimModeLen

Total travel distance in the primary mode of transport

Table: journey
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Formal definition: SUM(StageLength) WHERE StageMode=PrimMode Units: km

## OutBPrimMode

Primary mode of transport on the outbound part
Table: journey
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public transport, irrespective of bus company. |
| 32 | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains |
| 33 | Other train | This category includes all trains that are not S-trains or Metro |
| 34 | Metro train | Copenhagen Metro |
| 35 | Dial-a-ride, flexible transport service |  |
| 37 | Light rail/tram | Light rail in Århus/Odense/Copenhagen |
| 41 | Ferry, water bus |  |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |
| 51 | Airplane | All airborne transport: airliner, private plane and helicopter. |

Only for closed journeys (journeytype=11): Primary mode of transport defined as the mode that accounts for the longest travel distance (sum(StageLength)) on the journey to the primary stay. In case of parity the mode with highest ID.

## OutBLen

Travel distance of the outbound part
Table: journey
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Total stated travel distance of trip stages on the journey to the primary stay, only for closed journeys (journeytype=11).

## HomeBPrimMode

Primary mode of transport on the homebound part
Table: journey
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public transport, irrespective of bus company. |
| 32 | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains |
| 33 | Other train | This category includes all trains that are not S-trains or Metro |
| 34 | Metro train | Copenhagen Metro |
| 35 | Dial-a-ride, flexible transport service |  |
| 37 | Light rail/tram | Light rail in Århus/Odense/Copenhagen |
| 41 | Ferry, water bus |  |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |
| 51 | Airplane | All airborne transport: airliner, private plane and helicopter. |

Only for closed journeys (JourneyType=11): Primary mode of transport defined as the mode that accounts for the longest travel distance (sum(StageLength)) on the journey after the primary stay. In case of parity the mode with highest ID.

## HomeBLen

Travel distance of the homebound part
Table: journey
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

Total stated travel distance of trip stages on the journey after the primary stay, only for closed journeys (journeytype=11).

## 4. Trips of the day

The trip from one stay/purpose to the next.
The trip table comprises the individual trips seen as travel from place to place.
The table is, amongst other things, used for analyses of transport demand and traffic volume.

## turid

Primary key for trips
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical

## Sessionld

Reference to the corresponding session
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(sessionid, turnr) is candidate key.
turnr
Position of the trip in the order of trips
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(sessionid, turnr) is candidate key.

## TripCount

This record represents TripCount trips when calculating total num trips.
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived

1: standard case. 0.5 og 0 is used for trips to/from Bornholm, such that the entire trip has sum=1.
Values $>1$ is used for simplified business tours.

## DepartHH

Time of departure, hour
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Hours
The day is extended beyond 12 pm , so that 25 is 01 the following day, 26 is 02 , etc.

DepartMM
Time of departure, minute
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Minutes
Time of departure specified. Please note that temporal resolution is 5 minutes

DepartMSM
Time of departure, collective field
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Minutes past midnight, [180-1620]
Time for start of the trip.

## ArrivalHH

Time of arrival, hours
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Hours
Time of end of the trip, calculated as DepartMsm + duration of the individual trip stages incl. waiting time.

## ArrivalMM

Time of arrival, minutes
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Minutes

Time of end of the trip, calculated as DepartMsm + duration of the individual trip stages incl. waiting time.

## ArrivalMSM

Time of end of the trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Minutes past midnight, [180-?]
Time of end of the trip, calculated as DepartMsm + duration of the individual trip stages incl. waiting time.

## DestDweltime

Duration of the stay at destination of the trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min

Duration of stay at destination of the trip, calculated as DepartMsm for next trip minus ArrivalMsm for trip in question.

## OrigNUTS

Start of the trip, NUTS
Table: tur
Variable type: Character nuts2021
Origin: Derived
Value set: NUTS 2021

| id | nuts2021 |
| :--- | :--- |
| DE300 | Berlin |
| DE600 | Hamburg |
| DEF | Schleswig-Holstein |
| DEF01 | Flensburg, Kreisfreie Stadt |
| DEF0C | Schleswig-Flensburg (Flensburg surroundings) |
| DK011 | Copenhagen city |
| DK012 | Greater Copenhagen |
| DK013 | Northern Zealand |
| DK014 | Bornholm |
| DK021 | Eastern Zealand |
| DK022 | Western Zealand |
| DK031 | Funen |
| DK032 | Southern Jutland |
| DK041 | Western Jutland |
| DK042 | Eastern Jutland |
| DK050 | Northern Jutland |
| NO011 | Oslo |
| SE110 | Stockholm County |
| SE224 | Skåne County |

(Selected values shown)

## OrigMuncode

Start of the trip, municipality
Table: tur
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Derived
Value set: Municipality code, following the local government reform.

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| 147 | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| 461 | Odense |
| 561 | Esbjerg |
| 615 | Horsens |
| 621 | Kolding |
| 630 | Vejle |
| 730 | Randers |
| 751 | Ârhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown. See external link for complete list of values:
http://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/Nomenklaturer/NUTS.aspx
DestMuncode for previous trip, DayStartMuncode for first trip. Special municipality codes: 997
Continental Shelf, 998 Border crossing and 999 Abroad.

## OrigCityCode

Start of the trip, town code
Table: tur
Variable type: enum CityCode
Origin: Derived
Value set: Town code according to same definition as KMS/DST

| id | CityCode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1100 | The metropolitan area |
| 10040 | Roskilde |
| 10064 | Kolding |
| 10370 | Vejle |
| 10677 | Odense |
| 10691 | Randers |
| 10938 | Aalborg |
| 11007 | Herning |
| 11045 | Árhus |
| 11196 | Esbjerg |
| Only a small sample of values is shown. |  |

## OrigGMMzone

Start of the trip, zone in the GMM model
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Zone number in the Danish national transport model (GMM)
Please contact the Danish Road Directorate with any enquiries relating to the GMM zonal system.

## OrigFareZone

Origin of the trip, public transport fare zone
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Public Transport fare zone

## OrigNearestStation

Start of the trip, nearest station
Table: tur
Variable type: Character
Origin: Derived
Value set: Station name
Nearest station, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## OrigDistNearestStation

Start of the trip, distance to nearest station
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Distance to nearest station as the crow flies, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## DestNUTS

Destination of the trip, NUTS
Table: tur
Variable type: Character nuts2021
Origin: Derived
Value set: NUTS 2021

| id | nuts2021 |
| :--- | :--- |
| DE300 | Berlin |
| DE600 | Hamburg |
| DEF | Schleswig-Holstein |
| DEF01 | Flensburg, Kreisfreie Stadt |
| DEF0C | Schleswig-Flensburg (Flensburg surroundings) |
| DK011 | Copenhagen city |
| DK012 | Greater Copenhagen |
| DK013 | Northern Zealand |
| DK014 | Bornholm |
| DK021 | Eastern Zealand |
| DK022 | Western Zealand |
| DK031 | Funen |
| DK032 | Southern Jutland |
| DK041 | Western Jutland |
| DK042 | Eastern Jutland |
| DK050 | Northern Jutland |
| NO011 | Oslo |
| SE110 | Stockholm County |
| SE224 | Skåne County |

(Selected values shown)

## DestMuncode

Destination of the trip, municipality
Table: tur
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Technical
Value set: Municipality code, following the local government reform.

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| $\mathbf{1 4 7}$ | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| $\mathbf{4 6 1}$ | Odense |
| $\mathbf{5 6 1}$ | Esbjerg |
| $\mathbf{6 1 5}$ | Horsens |
| $\mathbf{6 2 1}$ | Kolding |
| $\mathbf{6 3 0}$ | Vejle |
| $\mathbf{7 3 0}$ | Randers |
| $\mathbf{7 5 1}$ | Ârhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown. See external link for complete list of values:
http://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/Nomenklaturer/NUTS.aspx
Special municipality codes: 997 Continental Shelf, 998 Border crossing and 999 Abroad.

## DestCityCode

Destination of the trip, town code

Table: tur
Variable type: enum CityCode
Origin: Derived
Value set: Town code according to same definition as KMS/DST

| Vald | CityCode |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1 0 0}$ | The metropolitan area |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 4 0}$ | Roskilde |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 6 4}$ | Kolding |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 7 0}$ | Vejle |
| $\mathbf{1 0 6 7 7}$ | Odense |
| 10691 | Randers |
| 10938 | Aalborg |
| $\mathbf{1 1 1 0 7}$ | Herning |
| 11045 | Arhus |
| 11196 | Esbjerg |
| Only a small sample of values is shown. |  |

## DestGMMzone

Destination of the trip, zone in the GMM model
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Zone number in the Danish national transport model (GMM)
Please contact the Danish Road Directorate with any enquiries relating to the GMM zonal system.

## DestFareZone

Destination of the trip, public transport fare zone
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Public Transport fare zone

## DestNearestStation

Destination of the trip, nearest station
Table: tur
Variable type: Character
Origin: Derived
Value set: Station name
Nearest station, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## DestDistNearestStation

Destination of the trip, distance to nearest station
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

Distance to nearest station as the crow flies, irrespective of this station's service. The field is not created for places in the 5 island municipalities (Bornholm, Ærø, Fanø, Samsø and Læsø).

## OrigPurp

Start of the trip, purpose
Table: tur
Variable type: enum Purp19
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | Purp19 | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Home | Place of residence. Not necessarily the CPR-address, as we recognise that one can live in several places. |
| 11 | Workplace | Commuting destination, normal workplace/address of employer |
| 12 | School, educational institution | School/education on the school/educational institution itself. |
| 13 | Youth center, youth club, after-school center |  |
| 14 | Nursery, crèche, day care |  |
| 20 | (Unknown Errand) |  |
| 21 | Escorting to/from activity | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person directly from/to where this person is/is going. |
| 22 | Escorting to/from transport | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person from/to another means of transport, which may be public or individual, as applicable. |
| 23 | Collect/bring objects |  |
| 25 | (Unknown leisure) |  |
| 31 | Shopping |  |
| 32 | Other errand | Bank, library, garage, etc. |
| 33 | Social/health | Visit to doctor, dentist, hairdresser, social services, job center, etc. It concerns own health or own social situation. |
| 38 | Church, Religious services | Until 2019 part of (43) |
| 39 | School excursions etc. | Education that does not take place at the school/education institution, e.g. school trips, excursions, study trips. |
| 41 | Visit family/friends |  |
| 42 | Do sports |  |
| 43 | Entertainment | In general all leisure activities in which one participates passively: Cinema, cafe, restaurant, sport spectator, etc. |
| 44 | Summer cottage, allotment |  |
| 45 | Leisure round trip | Walk, run, bicycle trip, drive (the trip was a purpose in itself) |
| 46 | Holiday, excursion | Leisure/adventure trips with obvious destination. Includes both short, spontaneous excursions and longer holiday trips. |
| 47 | Meetings in private context |  |
| 49 | Other leisure activity | Leisure activity in which one participates actively, but which is not sport, and for which no wages are paid (then it would be work) |
| 50 | (Unknown business purpose) |  |
| 51 | Meetings, conferences (business) | Business trip with meeting activity of an internal nature. Participation in |


|  |  | courses, conferences, company seminars, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52 | Customer or client visit (as part of my job) | Business trip with meeting activity with a third party. For instance, the sales representative visiting a customer or the doctor visiting a patient. Common feature is that own knowledge-based business is carried out by visits to a number of addresses. |
| 53 | Business services, trade (this is my job) | Business trip where this place is visited to carry out own trade. For instance, the plumber changing a water tap or the domestic help cleaning. Common feature is that own practical trade is carried out at a number of addresses. |
| 54 | Other business trip | Longer trips with business purpose, often with combination of purposes 51, 52, 53. |
| 61 | Commercial transport of goods | Postman, paper boy, lorry driver etc. |
| 62 | Commercial transport of persons |  |
| 64 | Other commercial transport | The purpose of the trip is to carry out own business. The job is not directly transport, however the trip is still a purpose in itself: it may be road control, surveying of roads and a lot more. |

DestPurp for previous trip, DayStartPurp for first trip.

| DestPurp |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Destination of the trip, purpose |  |  |
| Table: tur |  |  |
| Variable type: enum Purp19 |  |  |
| Origin: Questionnaire |  |  |
| Value set: |  |  |
| id | Purp19 | Description |
| 1 | Home | Place of residence. Not necessarily the CPR-address, as we recognise that one can live in several places. |
| 11 | Workplace | Commuting destination, normal workplace/address of employer |
| 12 | School, educational institution | School/education on the school/educational institution itself. |
| 13 | Youth center, youth club, after-sch |  |
| 14 | Nursery, crèche, day care |  |
| 20 | (Unknown Errand) |  |
| 21 | Escorting to/from activity | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person directly from/to where this person is/is going. |
| 22 | Escorting to/from transport | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person from/to another means of transport, which may be public or individual, as applicable. |
| 23 | Collect/bring objects |  |
| 25 | (Unknown leisure) |  |
| 31 | Shopping |  |
| 32 | Other errand | Bank, library, garage, etc. |
| 33 | Social/health | Visit to doctor, dentist, hairdresser, social services, job center, etc. It concerns own health or own social situation. |
| 38 | Church, Religious services | Until 2019 part of (43) |
| 39 | School excursions etc. | Education that does not take place at the school/education institution, e.g. school trips, excursions, study trips. |
| 41 | Visit family/friends |  |
| 42 | Do sports |  |
| 43 | Entertainment | In general all leisure activities in which one participates passively: Cinema, cafe, restaurant, sport spectator, etc. |
| 44 | Summer cottage, allotment |  |
| 45 | Leisure round trip | Walk, run, bicycle trip, drive (the trip was a purpose in itself) |
| 46 | Holiday, excursion | Leisure/adventure trips with obvious destination. Includes both short, spontaneous excursions and longer holiday trips. |
| 47 | Meetings in private context |  |
| 49 | Other leisure activity | Leisure activity in which one participates actively, but which is not sport, and for which no wages are paid (then it would be work) |
| 50 | (Unknown business purpose) |  |
| 51 | Meetings, conferences (business) | Business trip with meeting activity of an internal nature. Participation in |


|  |  | courses, conferences, company seminars, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52 | Customer or client visit (as part of my job) | Business trip with meeting activity with a third party. For instance, the sales representative visiting a customer or the doctor visiting a patient. Common feature is that own knowledge-based business is carried out by visits to a number of addresses. |
| 53 | Business services, trade (this is my job) | Business trip where this place is visited to carry out own trade. For instance, the plumber changing a water tap or the domestic help cleaning. Common feature is that own practical trade is carried out at a number of addresses. |
| 54 | Other business trip | Longer trips with business purpose, often with combination of purposes 51, 52, 53. |
| 61 | Commercial transport of goods | Postman, paper boy, lorry driver etc. |
| 62 | Commercial transport of persons |  |
| 64 | Other commercial transport | The purpose of the trip is to carry out own business. The job is not directly transport, however the trip is still a purpose in itself: it may be road control, surveying of roads and a lot more. |

## DestEscortPurp

Destination of the trip, purpose for collected/brought person
Table: tur
Variable type: enum Purp19
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | Purp19 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Home |

11 Workplace
12 School, educational institution
13 Youth center, youth club, after-school center
14 Nursery, crèche, day care
20 (Unknown Errand)
23 Collect/bring objects
25 (Unknown leisure)
31 Shopping
32 Other errand Bank, library, garage, etc.
33 Social/health
Visit to doctor, dentist, hairdresser, social services, job center, etc. It concerns own health or own social situation.
38 Church, Religious services Until 2019 part of (43)
39 School excursions etc. Education that does not take place at the school/education institution, e.g. school trips, excursions, study trips.
$\begin{array}{ll}41 & \text { Visit family/friends } \\ 42 & \text { Do sports }\end{array}$
43 Entertainment
In general all leisure activities in which one participates passively: Cinema, cafe, restaurant, sport spectator, etc.

Walk, run, bicycle trip, drive (the trip was a purpose in itself)
Leisure/adventure trips with obvious destination. Includes both short, spontaneous excursions and longer holiday trips.

Leisure activity in which one participates actively, but which is not sport, and for which no wages are paid (then it would be work)

Business trip with meeting activity of an internal nature. Participation in courses, conferences, company seminars, etc.
Business trip with meeting activity with a third party. For instance, the sales representative visiting a customer or the doctor visiting a patient. Common feature is that own knowledge-based business is carried
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { 53 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { out by visits to a number of } \\ \text { addresses. }\end{array} \\ \text { Business trip where this place is } \\ \text { visited to carry out own trade. For } \\ \text { instance, the plumber changing a } \\ \text { water tap or the domestic help } \\ \text { cleaning. Common feature is that own } \\ \text { practical trade is carried out at a } \\ \text { number of addresses. }\end{array}\right\}$

Questions referring to trips, with specified purpose collect/bring (DestPurp 21,22). The question is asked for trips with DestPurp=21 after 2006 and DestPurp=22 after 9 February 2009. Replies are missing for approximately 1800 trips from 2008 due to error in the questionnaire.

## ShopAmount

Purchase amount

Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Units: DKK

Question for shopping trips since august 2019.

| TripPurp |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Purpose of trip (opposite home) |  |  |
| Table: tur |  |  |
| Variable type: enum Purp19 |  |  |
| Origin: Derived |  |  |
| Value set: |  |  |
| id | Purp19 | Description |
| 1 | Home | Place of residence. Not necessarily the CPR-address, as we recognise that one can live in several places. |
| 11 | Workplace | Commuting destination, normal workplace/address of employer |
| 12 | School, educational institution | School/education on the school/educational institution itself. |
| 13 | Youth center, youth club, after-sch |  |
| 14 | Nursery, crèche, day care |  |
| 20 | (Unknown Errand) |  |
| 21 | Escorting to/from activity | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person directly from/to where this person is/is going. |
| 22 | Escorting to/from transport | The purpose of the trip was to collect or bring another person from/to another means of transport, which may be public or individual, as applicable. |
| 23 | Collect/bring objects |  |
| 25 | (Unknown leisure) |  |
| 31 | Shopping |  |
| 32 | Other errand | Bank, library, garage, etc. |
| 33 | Social/health | Visit to doctor, dentist, hairdresser, social services, job center, etc. It concerns own health or own social situation. |
| 38 | Church, Religious services | Until 2019 part of (43) |
| 39 | School excursions etc. | Education that does not take place at the school/education institution, e.g. school trips, excursions, study trips. |
| 41 | Visit family/friends |  |
| 42 | Do sports |  |
| 43 | Entertainment | In general all leisure activities in which one participates passively: Cinema, cafe, restaurant, sport spectator, etc. |
| 44 | Summer cottage, allotment |  |
| 45 | Leisure round trip | Walk, run, bicycle trip, drive (the trip was a purpose in itself) |
| 46 | Holiday, excursion | Leisure/adventure trips with obvious destination. Includes both short, spontaneous excursions and longer holiday trips. |
| 47 | Meetings in private context |  |
| 49 | Other leisure activity | Leisure activity in which one participates actively, but which is not sport, and for which no wages are paid (then it would be work) |
| 50 | (Unknown business purpose) |  |
| 51 | Meetings, conferences (business) | Business trip with meeting activity of an internal nature. Participation in |


|  |  | courses, conferences, company seminars, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52 | Customer or client visit (as part of my job) | Business trip with meeting activity with a third party. For instance, the sales representative visiting a customer or the doctor visiting a patient. Common feature is that own knowledge-based business is carried out by visits to a number of addresses. |
| 53 | Business services, trade (this is my job) | Business trip where this place is visited to carry out own trade. For instance, the plumber changing a water tap or the domestic help cleaning. Common feature is that own practical trade is carried out at a number of addresses. |
| 54 | Other business trip | Longer trips with business purpose, often with combination of purposes 51, 52, 53. |
| 61 | Commercial transport of goods | Postman, paper boy, lorry driver etc. |
| 62 | Commercial transport of persons |  |
| 64 | Other commercial transport | The purpose of the trip is to carry out own business. The job is not directly transport, however the trip is still a purpose in itself: it may be road control, surveying of roads and a lot more. |

Purpose code at trip level. The field is created using OrigPurp and DestPurp with the following prioritised rules:

1. If OrigPurp is unknown, DestPurp is used.
2. If DestPurp is unknown. OrigPurp is used.
3. If OrigPurp=DestPurp this is used.
4. If OrigPurp=1 (home) DestPurp is used.
5. If DestPurp=1 (home) OrigPurp is used.
6. Trips between working place and business purposes are business purpose-
7. The purpose of the end of the trip that is closest to the journey's primary stay.
8. The purpose of the end of the trip which gives max TripPurpGroup.

## TripPurpGroup

Purpose of the trip, primary group
Table: tur
Variable type: enum PurpGroup
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | PurpGroup | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | Workplace | Includes purpose 11 |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Educational | Includes purpose 12 |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | Errand | Includes purposes 20-23, 31-33, 39 |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ | Leisure | Includes purposes 1, 13, 14, 38, 41- |
|  |  | 49 |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ | Business | Includes purposes 50-54, 61-64 |

General purpose code at trip level. The field is created using TripPurp by using above grouping.

## SimplWorkTour

Simplified business tour
Table: tur
Variable type: enum janej
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | janej |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Yes |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | No |

Question referring to trips which potentially are business trips.
YES brings out the simplified business tour questionnaire. SimpIWorkTour=1 is thus used as a filter for trips in the special case of business trips.

## SimplWorkNumStop

Number of stops on business trips
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Simplified business tour questionnaire (SimpIWorkTour=1): Number of trips.

## GISdist

Distance as the crow flies
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Distance between specified starting point and end point of the trip as the crow flies.
GISdist is only calculated if coordinates for both trip end points are known, not for trips abroad, not for simplified business tours.

## NumModes

Number of different modes of transport used during the trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived

## SumLen

Total travel distance of the trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

Total travel distance of the trip, calculated as sum of trip stages.
In the interview situation, the total travel distance of the trip is compared with the distance as the crow flies if both end points have known coordinates. For trips in which one end point is without coordinate or in which coordinates have appeared during post-processing the total travel distance of the trip may be shorter than the distance as the crow flies.

## SumMin

Total duration of the trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Total specified travel time during the trip, incl. any waiting time en route.

## SumMotorLen

Motorised travel distance
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
(part) travel distance of the trip using motorised mode of transport (stageMode!=\{1,2,5,6,42\}).

## SumMotorMin

Motorised duration

Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min
(part) duration of the trip using motorised mode of transport, excl. waiting times
(StageMode!=\{1,2,5,6,42\}).

## SumMJ

Energy consumption
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: MJ
Estimated energy consumption for road traffic.

## SumCO2

$\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emission
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: gram $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
Estimated $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emission for road traffic.

## SumCO2eq

$\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ Equivalent
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: gram $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ eq
Estimated climate impact for road traffic.

## ModeChainType

Transport mode chain, categories

| Table: tur |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Variable type: enum ChainType |  |  |
| Origin: Derived |  |  |
| Value set: |  |  |
| id | ChainType | Description |
| 1 | Walk | Walk as only mode - walking in combination with other modes are included under those |
| 2 | Bicycle | Bicycle or Moped 30 as only mode, disregarding walk |
| 11 | Driver of passenger car |  |
| 19 | Driver of other motorized road vehicle | Driver of Moped 45, Van, Lorry, Motorcycle, Tractor, Taxi cab or Tourist coach |
| 21 | Passenger car passenger |  |
| 29 | Passenger in other motorized road vehicle | Passenger in Moped 45, Van, Lorry, Motorcycle, Tractor, Taxi cab or Tourist coach |
| 50 | Airplane |  |
| 90 | Other / miscellaneous | Horse-drawn carriage, pleasure boat and ferry as only means of transport. |
| 110 | Train | Including Light Rail, S-train and Metro |
| 120 | Collective bus | Bus as part of collective, public transport |
| 130 | Train + bus in combination |  |
| 132 | Train / bus in combination with bicycle |  |
| 133 | Train / bus in combination with car |  |
| Qualitative categorisation of the chain of modes of transport |  |  |

## PrimMode

Primary mode of transport
Table: tur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public transport, irrespective of bus company. |
| 32 | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains |
| 33 | Other train | This category includes all trains that are not S-trains or Metro |
| 34 | Metro train | Copenhagen Metro |
| 35 | Dial-a-ride, flexible transport service |  |
| 37 | Light rail/tram | Light rail in Århus/Odense/Copenhagen |
| 41 | Ferry, water bus |  |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |
| 51 | Airplane | All airborne transport: airliner, private plane and helicopter. |

Primary mode of transport defined as the mode that accounts for the longest travel distance (sum(stagelength)) on the trip. In case of parity the mode with highest ID.

## PrimModeDrivPass

Driver of/passenger in the primary mode of transport
Table: tur
Variable type: enum forerpass
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | forerpass | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Driver |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Passenger |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Other personnel | Conductors etc. |

Specifies whether resp. was driver of or passenger in the primary mode of transport.

## SecMode

Secondary mode of transport
Table: tur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public transport, irrespective of bus company. |
| 32 | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains |
| 33 | Other train | This category includes all trains that are not S-trains or Metro |
| 34 | Metro train | Copenhagen Metro |
| 35 | Dial-a-ride, flexible transport service |  |
| 37 | Light rail/tram | Light rail in Århus/Odense/Copenhagen |
| 41 | Ferry, water bus |  |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |
| 51 | Airplane | All airborne transport: airliner, private plane and helicopter. |

Secondary mode of transport defined as the mode closest to being the primary transport mode without being it, i.e.: the secondary mode of transport is second longest travel distance.

## PrimModeSumLen

Travel distance using the primary mode of transport
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Formal definition: SUM(StageLength) WHERE StageMode=PrimMode
Units: km

## SecModeSumLen

Travel distance using the secondary mode of transport
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

## FirstMode

First mode of transport on the trip.
Table: tur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter | All animal driven transport, including |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Horse carriage, horse | eg. dog sledge |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | Passenger car | Vehicle for goods transport with <br> maximum authorised total weight <br> below 3.5 tons |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with <br> maximum authorised total weight <br> above 3.5 tons |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | Lorry | All types of tractors and working tools, |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | Motorcycle | Tractor, working vehicle |

15 Tractor, working vehicle $\begin{aligned} & \text { All types of tractors and working tool } \\ & \text { also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog }\end{aligned}$ stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run"

| 25 | Taxi cab |
| :--- | :--- |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Also empty taxi cabs. Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc.


| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public <br> transport, irrespective of bus <br> company. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 2}$ | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains <br> This category includes all trains that <br> are not S-trains or Metro |
| $\mathbf{3 3}$ | Other train | Copenhagen Metro |

First mode of transport on the trip, apart from walking.

## LastMode

Last mode of transport on the trip.
Table: tur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter | All animal driven transport, including |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Horse carriage, horse | eg. dog sledge |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | Passenger car | Vehicle for goods transport with <br> maximum authorised total weight <br> below 3.5 tons |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with <br> maximum authorised total weight <br> above 3.5 tons |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | Lorry | All types of tractors and working tools, |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | Motorcycle | Tractor, working vehicle |

15 Tractor, working vehicle $\begin{aligned} & \text { All types of tractors and working tool } \\ & \text { also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog }\end{aligned}$ stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run"

| 25 | Taxi cab |
| :--- | :--- |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Also empty taxi cabs. Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc.


| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public <br> transport, irrespective of bus <br> company. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 2}$ | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains <br> This category includes all trains that <br> are not S-trains or Metro |
| $\mathbf{3 3}$ | Other train | Copenhagen Metro |

Last mode of transport on the trip, apart from walking.

## PartyOrAlone

Fellow traveler (yes/no)
Table: tur
Variable type: enum janej
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | janej |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Yes |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | No |

The question is not asked for trips abroad nor for simplified business tours.
Please note that fellow traveller is defined using a purpose term. Thus, it is not necessarily the number of persons in the means of transport.

## PartyNumu10

Fellow traveler < 9 years
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Number of persons
Please note that fellow travelers are defined using a purpose term. Thus, it is not necessarily the number of persons in the means of transport.

## PartyNum1017

Fellow traveler 10-17 years
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Number of persons
Please note that fellow travelers are defined using a purpose term. Thus, it is not necessarily the number of persons in the means of transport.

## PartyNumAdults

Fellow traveler > 18 years
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Number of persons
Please note that fellow travelers is defined using a purpose term. Thus, it is not necessarily the number of persons in the means of transport.

## BicType

## Bicycle type

Table: tur
Variable type: enum BicType
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | BicType |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20 | Ordinary two wheel bike |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | Tandem |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Bike with trailer |
| $\mathbf{2 3}$ | Electric bicycle |
| $\mathbf{2 4}$ | Speed Pedelec (45 km/h) |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | Carrier cycle, Christianiabicycle |
| $\mathbf{3 3}$ | Electric Carrier cycle |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ | Recumbent bicycle or other special bicycle |
| $\mathbf{9 9}$ | Different bikes on the individual parts of the trip |

What type of bicycle was used on the trip? Questions asked after May 2014

## CarPassDriver

Car/van trips w/passenger: Relationship driver/passenger
Table: tur
Variable type: enum bilpforer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | bilpforer |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Family member who lives in my household |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Another person from my household |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Work colleague |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Friend, neighbour, other family |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | Others |

Question referring to trips with car as passenger (since 7 June 2006) or car as driver (since 17 March 2017).

## CarPassContext

Car/van trips as passenger: Relation to the driver's trip
Table: tur
Variable type: enum bilpkontekst
Origin: Questionnaire

## Value set:

| id | bilpkontekst |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | We went together, we were to go from the same place to the same place |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | I was collected/brought, the entire car trip was for my sake |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | I got a lift in the car, a detour was taken for my sake |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | I got a lift, there was no detour |

Questions referring to trips which involve car, as passenger. Question asked since 7 June 2006.

## CarCostShare

Car/van trips w/passenger: Payment type
Table: tur
Variable type: enum CarCostShare
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:
id CarCostShare
1 We share the costs
2 We alternate who is the driver
3 Pay with favours
4 No form of payment
5 Reimbursement from workplace etc.
6 I paid the expense
Question referring to trips which involve car. Question asked since 17 March 2017.

## CarUsageCarNo

Car usage on trip
Table: tur
Variable type: enum CarUsageCarNo
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Reference to car table or (negative) code for other car

| id | CarUsageCarNo |
| :--- | :--- |
| -99 | Different cars for the individual stages of the trip |
| -32 | The car is owned by the driver, who is not member of the household |
| -31 | Borrowed car |
| -21 | Employers car |
| -13 | Car sharing |
| -12 | Rented car |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1st car in household |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2nd car in household |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3rd car in household |

(list extends to number of cars reported in household)

## PtTicketType

Public transport trip: ticket type
Table: tur
Variable type: enum PtTicketType
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | PtTicketType | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | My bus/train season ticket covers |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Supplementary ticket to my bus/train season <br> ticket |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Multiple-ride ticket or other ticket with discount |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Ticket, at full price |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | I did not pay for the trip |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Free: free travel, free travel card, free ticket |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Rejsekort | Danish smartcard |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Ticket from previous trip still valid |  |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | Weekly or 24/72 hours pass. |  |

Question referring to trips which involve public transport. Question asked since 1 June 2006.

## PtPrice

Ticket price
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Units: DKK
Question referring to trips which involve public transport and in which pttickettype=\{2,3,4\}. The question is asked since 1 June 2006.

## PtBicType

Bicycle/public transport combination: P or bring
Table: tur
Variable type: enum cykelmedtagtype
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | cykelmedtagtype |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11 | I took the bicycle on the train |
| 21 | Lockable cycle parking (for which I have a key) |
| 22 | Covered bicycle rack |
| 23 | Bicycle rack in the open |
| 24 | I just parked the cycle where there was a space |

Question referring to trips which involve bicycle in combination with train. Question asked since 3 February 2009.

## PTPrimMode

Primary mode of public transport
Table: tur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description <br> 31 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public <br> transport, irrespective of bus <br> company. |  |
| $\mathbf{3 2}$ | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains |
| $\mathbf{3 3}$ | Other train | This category includes all trains that <br> are not S-trains or Metro |
| $\mathbf{3 4}$ | Metro train | Copenhagen Metro |

Primary mode of public transport defined as the mode of public transport that accounts for the longest travel distance (sum(stagelength)) on the trip. In case of parity the mode with highest ID.

## PtNumBoardings

Num boardings
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Num boardings to public transport, incl. ferry and airplane

## PtAccTime

Access time
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Total travel time before first public transport stage.

## PtFirstWaitTime

First Waiting time
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Waiting time before first public transport boarding

## PtInvTime

Public Transport travel time
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min

Total travel time in public transport modes, incl. ferry and airplane.

## PtChangeAndWaitTime

Change and waiting time at interchanges
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Total duration of changing and waiting at changes.

## PtEgrTime

Egress time
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Total travel time after last public transport.

## PTAccMode

Access mode to public transport trip
Table: tur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |

Access mode to mode of public transport, defined as the mode of public transport that accounts for the longest travel distance (sum(stagelength)) on the trip to the first mode of public transport. In case of parity the mode with highest ID.

## PTEgrMode

Egress mode from public transport trip
Table: tur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |

Egress mode from mode of public transport, defined as the mode of transport that accounts for the longest travel distance (sum(stagelength)) on the trip from the last mode of public transport. In case of parity the mode with highest ID.

## PTAccLen

Distance travelled by access mode to public transport trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Total travel distance before first mode of public transport.

## PTEgrLen

Distance travelled by egres mode from public transport trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

Total travel distance after last mode of public transport

## FirstStation

Start station for train trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Character
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Station name
The underlying question of station choice has been asked since 10 February 2009. However, in several older interviews the information has been found during post-processing.

## LastStation

Last station for train trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Character
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Station name
The underlying question of station choice has been asked since 10 February 2009. However, in several older interviews the information has been found during post-processing.

## TrainMode

Train combination
Table: tur
Variable type: enum TrainMode
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | TrainMode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 32 | S-train |
| 33 | Other train |
| 34 | Metro train |
| 37 | Light rail |
| 99 | Combination of trains |

## TrainAccMode

Access mode to train
Table: tur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public transport, irrespective of bus company. |
| 35 | Dial-a-ride, flexible transport service |  |
| 41 | Ferry, water bus |  |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |
| 51 | Airplane | All airborne transport: airliner, private plane and helicopter. |

Access mode to train, defined as the mode of transport that accounts for the longest travel distance (sum(stagelength)) on the trip to the first train. In case of parity the mode with highest ID.

## TrainEgrMode

## Egress mode from train

Table: tur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public transport, irrespective of bus company. |
| 35 | Dial-a-ride, flexible transport service |  |
| 41 | Ferry, water bus |  |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |
| 51 | Airplane | All airborne transport: airliner, private plane and helicopter. |

Egress mode from train defined as the mode of transport that accounts for the longest travel distance (sum(stagelength)) on the trip from last train. In case of parity the mode with highest ID.

## TrainAccMin

Access travel time to train
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Total travel time before first train, incl. wait for buses etc, excl. first wait before train.

## TrainEgrMin

Egress travel time from train
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: min
Total travel time after last train, incl. waiting time.

## TrainAccLen

Distance travelled by access mode to train
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Total travel distance before first train.

## TrainEgrLen

Distance travelled by egress mode from train
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Total travel distance after last train.

## TrainAccDist

Access mode to train, distance as the crow flies
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km
Distance by access mode, calculated as distance from start of the trip to FirstStation as the crow flies.

## TrainEgrDist

Egress mode from train, distance as the crow flies
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

Distance by egress mode, calculated as distance from LastStation to destination of the trip as the crow flies.

## Journeyld

Reference to journey
Table: tur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
Reference to journey, of which the trip is part.

## JourneyRole

Position of the trip in the journey
Table: tur
Variable type: enum journeyrole
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | journeyrole | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | The journey base | The destination of the trip is the stay <br> with the longest duration on the <br> journey. |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | Srimary stay | The destination of the trip is the stay <br> with the longest duration on the part <br> of the journey which is before the <br> primary stay. |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Secondary stay on the homebound trip | The destination of the trip is the stay <br> with the longest duration on the part <br> of the journey which is after the <br> primary stay. |

Variable derived from journey table. NULL indicates that the stay has no formalised position in the journey.

## GISdistJourneyStartP

Distance as the crow flies to destination of this trip
Table: tur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: km

Distance as the crow flies between the journey base and the destination of this trip, calculated as the crow flies. The value can be interpreted as statement of the distance 'from home' to this stay.
GISdist is only calculated if coordinates for both journey base and destination of the trip are known.

## 5. Trip stages of the day

Each mode of transport on the trip.
The trip stages table specifies each individual use of a transport mode at each trip with related travel distance, travel time, etc.

The table is used directly for calculation of transport work and similar extracts as well as for certain sophisticated public transport analyses. The information in the trip table is fully adequate for most other purposes.

## turid

Reference to the corresponding trip
Table: deltur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(turid, delturnr) is primary key.

## delturnr

Position of trip stage in the order
Table: deltur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(turid, delturnr) is primary key.

## ModeDwelTime

Rest period for mode of transport
Table: deltur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Units: min

Time since last use of same mode of transport in same interview. NULL indicates no previous use.
The field may e.g. be used for calculation of parking times, however, please be aware that there is a problem about who has used the means of transport: TU is a survey based on individuals. When ModeDweltime is used, it is presumed that there is a $1: 1$ relationship between person and (the specific) means of transport.

## StageMode

Mode of transport
Table: deltur
Variable type: enum transportmiddel
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | transportmiddel | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk or run | Also if one walks with a handcart or wheels a bicycle. |
| 2 | Bicycle | Including electric cycle, tricycle, etc. |
| 3 | Moped 30 | yellow number plate |
| 4 | Moped 45 | white number plate |
| 5 | Skateboard/roller skates/scooter |  |
| 6 | Horse carriage, horse | All animal driven transport, including eg. dog sledge |
| 7 | Disability moped (electric) |  |
| 8 | Electric scooter etc. |  |
| 11 | Passenger car |  |
| 12 | Van | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight below 3.5 tons |
| 13 | Lorry | Vehicle for goods transport with maximum authorised total weight above 3.5 tons |
| 14 | Motorcycle |  |
| 15 | Tractor, working vehicle | All types of tractors and working tools, also e.g. steam rollers and hot-dog stands. It is a requirement that the vehicle is driven. If the respondent pulls or pushes, it is "walk or run" |
| 25 | Taxi cab | Also empty taxi cabs. |
| 26 | Tourist coach, rented bus | Bus trips which are not public transport. Apart from tourist trips also, for instance, 'closed' school buses, buses on their way to repair shop, military buses, etc. |
| 31 | Collective, Public bus | Bus which is part of the public transport, irrespective of bus company. |
| 32 | S-train | Copenhagen suburban trains |
| 33 | Other train | This category includes all trains that are not S-trains or Metro |
| 34 | Metro train | Copenhagen Metro |
| 35 | Dial-a-ride, flexible transport service |  |
| 37 | Light rail/tram | Light rail in Århus/Odense/Copenhagen |
| 41 | Ferry, water bus |  |
| 42 | Pleasure boat | All types of pleasure boating, from canoes and dinghies to large yachts |
| 51 | Airplane | All airborne transport: airliner, private plane and helicopter. |

## ModeGroup

Mode of transport, grouped
Table: deltur
Variable type: enum ModeGroup
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | ModeGroup | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walk |  |
| 2 | Bicycle |  |
| 11 | Driver of passenger car |  |
| 19 | Driver of other motorized road vehicle |  |
| 21 | Passenger car passenger |  |
| 29 | Passenger in other motorized road vehicle |  |
| 50 | Airplane |  |
| 90 | Other / miscellaneous | Horse-drawn carriage, pleasure boat and ferry as only means of transport. |
| 110 | Train | Train, including Light Rail, S-train and Metro |
| 120 | Collective transport bus | Bus (bus as part of collective/public transport) |

## StageDrivPass

Driver/passenger
Table: deltur
Variable type: enum forerpass
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | forerpass | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Driver |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Passenger |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Other personnel | Conductors etc. |

Driver or passenger on this trip stage.

## StageLength

Travel distance
Table: deltur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Questionnaire
Units: km
Stated travel distance of trip stage

## StageWaitMin

Waiting time before the trip stage
Table: deltur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Units: min

Only for mode of public transport.

## StageStartMsm

Time of start of the trip stage.
Table: deltur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Minutes past midnight, [180-?]
DepartMsm + duration of the previous trip stages incl. waiting time.

## StageDurationMin

Duration of the trip stage
Table: deltur
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Units: min
Travel time in the mode of transport

Route
(Bus) line
Table: deltur
Variable type: Character
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Line description
Bus line for bus and line letter for S-train, StageMode $=\{31,32,34,37\}$. The question is asked since 10 February 2009 for bus and S-train. Other cases added in the post processing.

## FromStation

FromStation
Table: deltur
Variable type: Character
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: Station name
Stated FromStation for the trip stage (for train, StageMode $=\{32,33,34\}$ ). ToStation is found as FromStation for next trip stage. In principle, the question has been asked since 10 February 2009. For several earlier data the information has been added during post-processing.

## ToStation

ToStation
Table: deltur
Variable type: Character
Origin: Derived
Value set: Station name
FromStation for next trip stage

## FuelType

Fuel type
Table: deltur
Variable type: enum FuelType
Origin: Derived
Value set:

| id | FuelType |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Petrol |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Diesel |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Electric |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | Other |
| $\mathbf{3 1}$ | Hybrid, petrol |
| $\mathbf{3 2}$ | Hybrid, diesel |

Estimated fueltype for passenger cars.
gramCO2
$\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ Emission
Table: deltur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: gram $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
Estimated $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emission for road traffic.
gramCO2eq
$\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ Equivalent
Table: deltur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: gram $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}$
Estimated $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ equivalent for road traffic.

## FuelConsumpMJ

Energy consumption
Table: deltur
Variable type: Float
Origin: Derived
Units: MJ

Estimated energy consumption for road traffic.

## 6. Stage geography

Division of stages to municipalities en route
Key for geographical distribution of stages.
turid
Reference to the corresponding trip
Table: deltur_RouteFactors
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(turid, delturnr, RouteMunCode) is primary key.
delturnr
Position of trip stage in the order
Table: deltur_RouteFactors
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(turid, delturnr, RouteMunCode) is primary key.

## RouteMunCode

Route municipality
Table: deltur_RouteFactors
Variable type: enum kommunekode
Origin: Technical
Value set: Municipality code, following the local government reform

| id | kommunekode |
| :--- | :--- |
| 101 | Copenhagen |
| 147 | Frederiksberg |
| 265 | Roskilde |
| $\mathbf{4 6 1}$ | Odense |
| 561 | Esbjerg |
| 615 | Horsens |
| 621 | Kolding |
| 630 | Vejle |
| 730 | Randers |
| 751 | Arhus |

Only a small sample of values is shown. See external link for complete list of values:
http://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/Nomenklaturer/NUTS.aspx
(turid, delturnr, RouteMunCode) is primary key.

## LengthFrac

Stage share in municipality
Table: deltur_RouteFactors
Variable type: Float
Origin: Technical

## 7. Household members

Details about the individual persons in the household.
The household table is only rarely used directly for analyses. The derived variables at session level comprise sufficient information for most purposes.

From October 2006 to January 2009 inclusive, only those household members that are family of the respondent. However, the number of household members can still be derived from session.HousehNumPers.

## Sessionld

Reference to session
Table: household
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(sessionid, medlnr) is primary key

## medlnr

Serial number
Table: household
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(sessionid, medlnr) is primary key.

## Relation

Relationship with the person
Table: household
Variable type: enum famrelation
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | famrelation | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | My spouse/partner |  |
| 5 | My child |  |
| 6 | My father/mother |  |
| 7 | Parents of spouse/partner |  |
| 8 | My grandfather/grandmother |  |
| 9 | My grandchild |  |
| 10 | My brother/sister |  |
| 11 | My niece/nephew |  |
| 12 | Sons-in-law and daughters-in-law |  |
| 13 | Sister-in-law/brother-in-law |  |
| 14 | Cousin |  |
| 15 | Aunt/uncle/paternal aunt/maternal aunt |  |
| 16 | Other family members |  |
| 20 | Not part of family | Value not used in 2007-8, as these persons were not specified in the table. |
| 51 | Child of spouse/partner |  |

The respondent's (family) relationship with this person.

## YearBorn

Birth year of the household member
Table: household
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: 4-digit year. [1900-2022]
The question includes 'don't know'; consequently, the field has a number of missing values.

Sex
Gender

Table: household
Variable type: enum knip
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | knip |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Man/boy |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Woman/gir |

## HasDrivLic

Driving licence status
Table: household
Variable type: enum korekort
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | korekort | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{- 1 8}$ | Person under 18 years / under 17 years from | Value added during post-processing. |
|  | 2017 |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Yes |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | No, has never had |  |

The question includes 'don't know'; consequently, the field has a number of missing values.

## AgeSimple

Age
Table: household
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Derived
Value set: Age, [0-120] years
The age of the household member calculated without regard to date of birth, as this information is not available. It can be said that the person reaches/reached respagesimple years in diaryyear.

PosInFamily
Position in the nuclear family
Table: household
Variable type: enum PositionInFamily
Origin: Derived

## Value set:

| id | PositionInFamily | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | Single |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | Older in couple |  |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Younger in couple | under 25 years of age |

The position of the household member in the nuclear family. NULL indicates that this household member is not part of the respondent's nuclear family.

## 8. Household cars

Details about the individual cars in the household.
The car table is only rarely used directly for analyses. HousehNumcars in the session table is sufficient for most purposes.

## Sessionld

Reference to session
Table: bil
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(sessionid, bilnr) is primary key.
bilnr
Serial number
Table: bil
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Technical
(sessionid, bilnr) is primary key.

## CarOwnership

Ownership
Table: bil
Variable type: enum ejerforhold
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | ejerforhold |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Owns the family car |
| 2 | Is owned together with others |
| 11 | Leased car |
| 12 | Rented car |
| 21 | Company car |
| 31 | Borrowed car |
| 41 | Other ownership |

ModelYear
Year
Table: bil
Variable type: Integer
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set: 4-digit year

## FuelType

Fuel type
Table: bil
Variable type: enum FuelType
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | FuelType |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Petrol |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Diesel |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Electric |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | Other |
| $\mathbf{3 1}$ | Hybrid, petrol |
| $\mathbf{3 2}$ | Hybrid, diesel |

Question asked since 15 May 2006

## NplateColour

Number plate colour
Table: bil
Variable type: enum NplateColour
Origin: Questionnaire
Value set:

| id | NplateColour | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | White number plate | Car registered for commercial use, |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | Yellow number plate | only |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | Yellow/white number plate | Car registered for commercial use, <br> allowed for personal use |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | No number plate |  |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ | Foreign number plate |  |

Question asked since 10 November 2017.
The colour of the number plate reveals the car status in the Danish car taxation scheme.

